



The News



VOL. 10 NO. 7

RED DEER, ALBERTA, MARCH 11th, 1914

Subscription \$1.00 per year

We're greatly excited and not without reason, because we have discovered a

New Washing Machine.

which is superior to anything we have ever seen yet. The world moves, and we move with it. This Washer marks its latest advance in this line.

We've sold Washers for years, and good ones, too, but this new one eclipses anything we have seen yet. Come in and see it any way just that you may know the very best thing. Its wonderful feature is its easy running qualities—and must be seen to be appreciated.

SMITH & GAETZ

The Hardware People

QUALITY, PRICE AND STORE SERVICE

These three things are responsible for this Store's Success. If you are already a customer you know about them. If not—we urge you to inspect our store.

SCHULZ

THE GAETZ AVE. HARNESS MAN

The Very Best Aid To Saving

The very best aid to saving is to have a Red Deer West Account where your money is invested in a live, growing, profitable and progressive property.

A Red Deer West Account provides an incentive for you and security and profitable employment for your money.

Open one to-day. \$10 is all you need.

THE SMITH LAND CO. LIMITED

Owners of Red Deer West. 30 ROSS ST. RED DEER

Young People's Society of Valley Centre

The above Society met on March 4th, 1914. In the absence of the President, the Vice-President occupied the chair. Devotional programme: The meeting opened with the singing of hymn 141 by the audience. Topic, "A little lesson about out in the open air," Mrs. Rowell; sacred solo, "Throw out the life line," Mr. Whitmore; reading "The Psalm of life," Mr. Puzoy. Literary programme: The subject for debate was: "Resolved that

Originals be excluded from Canada." Affirmative, Mr. Moore and Miss Jansson; negative, Mr. Keast and Mr. Whitmore. The judges decided in favor of the affirmative. Vocal trio, "The Landing of the Pilgrim Fathers," Miss A. Keast, Mrs. M. Stinger, Mr. Keast. The meeting dispersed after singing a verse of "Home, Sweet Home." Everybody is welcome to the weekly meetings, which are held every Wednesday evening in the Valley Centre school house. The Best Furniture Co. have a fine display of baby carriages, go-carts, carriers, sidewalk suitcases, express wagons, etc. Their prices are right.

Conservative Association to Banquet E. Michener, M.P.P.

Arrangements are being made by the Red Deer Conservative Association to give a banquet to E. Michener, M.P.P., on March 27th. It was at first intended to hold the banquet on March 20th, but the hall not being available for that date, it has been definitely decided to hold it on Friday, March 27th. The St. Luke's parish hall has been rented, and the Women's Auxiliary of St. Luke's Church are putting on the banquet, which should ensure it being a success. In addition to the banquet there will be a first class musical programme and orchestra. It is expected there will be a large number of prominent Conservative members in the province present, as well as representatives of all the branch associations. Tickets can be obtained from M. A. Munro, President of the Association, W. H. Hadley, Secretary, or any of the Executive.

Alberta Natural History Society

Prizes for Children at the Fairs

In connection with the above Society it was decided that prizes should be offered at the Agricultural shows this year at Red Deer, Innisfail and Estevan as follows: 1st and 2nd for collection of Alberta Wild Flowers. 1st and 2nd for collection of Alberta Insects. 1st and 2nd for Composition on "Bird Life in Alberta During the Summer Months." Flowers to be mounted on cardboard, 12 x 15 inches, showing the plant with, when possible, Root, Flower and seed. Flowers to be named with name of place and date of gathering. Insects, including Butterflies, Moths, Beetles, etc., to be pinned in cardboard boxes, and named as far as possible. Composition on Bird Life, noting time of arrival, characteristics of Birds, Nests and Eggs. To be written on one side of the paper only. These competitions are open to school children in the different districts, each exhibit to be the bonafide work of the exhibitor and to bear the name and age of the exhibitor. Due allowances will be made for age. The prizes are as follows:

FIRST PRIZES. Alpine Flora of Canadian Rockies. Brown, Value \$2.75. Entomology—Polsom. Value \$2.00. Bird Guide—Farfield-Pike. Value \$1.75.

SECOND PRIZES. Freckles—Porter. Value \$2.00. Reed's Flower Guide. Value \$2.00. Reed's Bird Guide. Value \$2.00.

St. Luke's Parish Hall

This evening, at 8 p.m., a specially interesting address, illustrated by splendid lantern slides, will be given in the Hall, Dr. G. B. Archer, a medical missionary from India, will be the speaker. All interested are invited to attend. There will be no charge for admission, but a collection will be taken to defray necessary expenses.

Eckville

H. Palmer, who has been doing blacksmith work for Mr. Anderson at Leslieville, has returned, and will now be regularly at his place of business on Railway St.

O. M. Porhan was in Red Deer on business during the week.

McDonnell Bros., of Pitoc, are unloading a car of flour at the station.

F. E. Lundberg has received a car of farm implements, wagons and buggies, and has already disposed of part of them.

Many new settlers are coming to this district in the spring and much of the vacant land will be occupied. Several of the early settlers are preparing for extensive improvements in the way of dwellings and barns.

Mr. McCartel has sold his farm near Pitoc to Mr. W. Lynn. As Mr. Lynn anted the stock and implements, he will take possession immediately.

The trustees of the Eckville School District have expended about \$125 in improvements on the school. The inside walls have been covered with fir, which will add much to the comfort and coziness of the school.

The temporary bridges on the A. C. R. over the Medicine and Horse-gard rivers have been replaced by steel spans; track laying is well advanced, and the line has been completed and the spur to the gravel pit is now being laid.

The Eckville Improvement Co. will hold a dance in the town hall of Tuesday evening, March 17th.

Born, on Tuesday, March 3rd, to Mr. and Mrs. H. Lund, of Pitoc, a daughter.

Annual Meeting of the Red Deer Memorial Hospital

The annual general meeting of the members of the Red Deer Memorial Hospital was held in the City Hall, Red Deer, on Monday, the 9th inst. The lack of interest of the general public in the hospital was again in evidence by the sparse attendance. As one member was heard to remark, efficient management is not conducive to crowded annual meetings of anything. It takes dissatisfaction to make a crowd.

The President, F. H. Tallman, made an interesting report, and we print this below. The annual financial statements follow.

The Secretary read the Hospital Ordinance, containing a gist of new regulations, also the report of the Board of Directors. The Hospital Aid, Those of the Hospital Land Aid and the Alexandra Club were not available. Resolutions thanking the ladies of the various Aids were passed unanimously for the splendid work they do for the hospital. Two other resolutions of importance were also passed, and we give them in full as follows:

1. That in the opinion of this meeting all towns, villages, rural municipalities and local improvement districts should be responsible for the regular hospital charges made for treatment of non-pay patients sent from their respective districts, whether such patients are sent to hospitals by their authority or not, and that the Secretary send a copy of this resolution to the proper minister of the Provincial Government. 2. Whereas it has been the experience of the Red Deer Memorial Hospital to lose annually large sums of income earned from the non-payment of fees by patients, and at the end of 1913 approximately \$2,000 was estimated as uncollectable, about 50 per cent. of which was owing by residents outside the limits of the City of Red Deer; And whereas one of the conditions upon which hospitals receive public aid under the Hospitals Ordinance is that they admit any and all patients applying for treatment;

Now, therefore, it is the opinion of this meeting that the government grant of 25 cents per patient per day is inadequate to cover the deficiency occasioned by the treatment of indigents, and that it respectfully ask the government to increase the grant to at least 35 cents per patient per day, and that the Alberta Central Hospital Board (office consolidation), limiting the number of days per patient for which the grant will be given, be eliminated.

And that a copy of this resolution be sent to the Minister of Agriculture and also to other hospitals of the province, advising them to send similar resolutions. Messrs. F. H. Tallman and R. B. Welliver were re-appointed directors. The meeting then adjourned.

THE RED DEER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

President's Annual Report for the year ending December 31st, 1913. Gentlemen,—According to our agreement with the city, any citizen who subscribes one dollar a year to the hospital is entitled to membership and can vote at the annual meetings. For several years we have made no effort to get members, as the membership for men was \$10.00 and ladies \$5.00 a year. As year succeeded year, we found it increasingly difficult to get subscribers, particularly as the citizens at large were subscribing through a grant which was being made annually by the town Council. Most folks, however, do not mind a dollar membership fee, and we have made a special effort to get members year so that we could have a representative meeting and have a wide choice in directors tonight.

Our hospital is, I am glad to say, maintaining its high standard. 99 per cent. of patients treated are eminently satisfied with the treatment received at the hands of our nursing staff, the other one per cent. would be hard to please anywhere.

Speaking personally, I have found that loyalty is the keynote to harmony in a hospital staff—loyalty have officers to nurses and vice versa. A loyal lady superintendent is essential to success in this work, and we certainly have in Miss Kingston a lady whose watchword is loyalty, and with one or two exceptions throughout the years she has served the hospital her staff have been loyal to her.

The commencement of 1913 saw the completion of our new addition. It has added greatly to our accommodation, not to mention the improvement of the staff and facilities for handling work which was impossible in the old building. We can accommodate about forty patients. There are three public wards, which will take six beds each. Two semi-private wards for women, one for three beds and the other two, for two beds each. The room is up-to-date, with proper sanitary floor and all the necessary wash basins, hot and cold water, etc., and is well lighted.

We also have a first class X-ray machine, so that we think our hospital is sufficiently equipped to look after all the needs of such a community.

(Continued on page 8)

Nordegg News

Mr. Wallages, coal inspector, of the Fuel Department of the C.N.R. arrived to take up his duties here this week.

A representative of the Western Hospital Insurance Co. paid a business trip to Nordegg Saturday.

Mr. Howlett, of the International Harvester Co., was making collections around this district this week.

Coroner Dr. George, Red Deer, accompanied by Const. Della Torre, made an investigation into the death of W. Bailey. The deceased was in attempting to hold back a string of 8 or 9 cars got caught by the bumpers at the sides of the cars, and the cars passing over his legs and body, death was instantaneous.

Dr. Gray left on a business trip to Red Deer on Sunday's train.

Mr. Shanks, Superintendent here, went on a trip to Red Deer Sunday.

The assistant townsite engineer, Paul Greenwood, is paying a visit to his parents at Edmonton this week.

Brazuca Company to Mine 2,000 Tons of Coal Daily

Martin Nordegg, vice-president of the Brazuca collieries, in the foothills of the Rockies, controlling some 20,000 acres of coal lands, was in Edmonton on Saturday, after paying a visit to the fields, accompanied by M. H. Macleod, general manager of the C.N.R., and Walter McLean, a mining equipment contractor of Chicago.

He states that the company has already 200 men at work in the mines and that the output of the Nordegg field will eventually reach 2,000 tons a day. A town will be established on the spot by the company, and houses built for housing the miners and their families, as it is expected to have the works running at full capacity next winter.

The Canadian Northern is building a new line through the country from its Vegreville-Calgary line, the Red Deer, and at present level is about 40 miles west of Rocky Mountain House.

Military Training School at Red Deer

A provincial school of instruction for the non-commissioned officers of the Alberta Central Hospital is in course of progress at the new armory at Red Deer. The school opened on Monday, and there are some 100 non-commissioned officers here from Calgary, Medicine Hat, Pincher Creek, Pine Lake, Castor and the Red Deer district. Captain Russell, of Winnipeg, is in charge of the school, with Quarter-Master Sergeant Instructor Collins and Sergeant Trotter, of Calgary, as drill instructors.

The men muster for mounted parade at 9 a.m., and dismount at 2 p.m. In the evening they muster at the armory for lectures.

These training schools are held at Edmonton, Calgary, Red Deer, Medicine Hat, Vegreville, Pincher Creek, Yorkton and Waskia. They are for both officers and non-commissioned officers, and each school lasts a month. The city presents a very lively appearance with so many red coats about, and there is no doubt that owing to the splendid armory we have here, and the city being so centrally located, that the attendance at the instruction school held here in the future will be the largest of any of the schools held in the province, and there is no reason why the government should not eventually make Red Deer the military headquarters of the instruction schools. The training these men get is not only good for themselves but for the country generally, and there is no doubt that the holding of these schools will bring many recruits and the movement will grow to large proportions.

There is some talk of the officers of the Central Horse giving an opening ball in the new armory. The non-coms. also have the matter under discussion.

Explosion in Stove injures Local Young Lady

Miss Gladys Alford met with a serious accident on Sunday last through an explosion in the kitchen stove at her home. It appears that Miss Alford was burning some old clothing in the stove when the explosion took place, blowing the top and shifting the stove some 6 or 8 inches from its original position. Fortunately, Miss Alford was not struck by any of the stove, but the fire itself was scattered, and a lot of burning material fell over her, setting fire to her clothing, and she was badly burned about both arms, neck and face. It is not known for certain how the explosion was caused, but it is thought that some live cartridges may have been left in the clothing, which exploded with the burning of the stove.

The Parcel Limit Is Now In Force Here

Restriction to Six Pounds During the First Two Months Has Been Removed—The Ultimate Limit in Weight 11 Pounds.

The word comes from Ottawa that the ultimate 11 pound limit of weight for the parcels post went into effect on Thursday. Thus the restriction to six pounds for parcels post for transmission by each post during the months of February, March and April, has been removed. The order that has gone forth from the post office department also eliminates the additional fee of five cents to be prepared by postage stamps on each parcel mailed for local delivery in places where the latter carrier system is in operation, does not become operative until May 1, as at first set forth and in the meantime packets of the parcels post may be sent by registered.

Information gained at the Ottawa post office was to the effect that an order had been received from the post office department setting forth changes in the parcels post regulations as indicated above.

The order has been issued by the post office department, as the post office throughout the country were all reported to be in a position to cope with the increase, or in other words, that the machinery for handling the parcels post was now complete.

Although the increase in the use of the parcels post has been continuous and steady since its inauguration February 10th last, the rush on the mails was not by any means as great as might have been expected. Since the public in general, will take advantage of the cheap rates afforded by the parcels post in preference to those of the express companies.

Now is a good time to have new rubber tires put on the baby's carriage. The Best Furniture Co. can do it for you.

C.N.R. Tender Application for More Aid

Guarantee of Bonds Is Now Asked

Ottawa, March 6.—An elaborate memorandum has been prepared by the C.N.R. officials which will be presented to Premier Borden sometime today, along with a formal application for a bond guarantee. The memorandum gives lengthy details as to the position of the road, and explains why there should be legislation giving it assistance in this form. It is understood that no amount of guarantee has been named in the application, this being left to negotiation.

In the memorandum it is asserted that the new line in Ontario and British Columbia already completed have been built to a much higher standard than the subsidy agreement called for and that the government in this way has a larger and better security than was originally agreed upon.

It is understood that the chief reason advanced for the aid is the increased cost of construction by reason of the high standard to which parts of the road have been constructed. It is claimed that the maximum grade through the Rocky Mountains and the Ontario hinterland are five-tenths of one percent, which it is asserted will enormously increase Canadian railway efficiency.

Just what reception the application will receive from the government is impossible to say. Certainly the whole question will be given the most careful consideration by the cabinet. Unless the government is convinced that the assistance in this form is absolutely necessary in public interest, and unless the C.N.R. make frank and fullest statements of their financial conditions, no bond guarantee will be forthcoming.

It is understood that the C.N.R. first wanted a cash subsidy. This was flatly refused. They then suggested a loan, but Hon. W. T. White's frank statement on this question put an end to that idea.

They will be satisfied with a guarantee which will enable them to raise money on the London market sufficient to complete their transcontinental.

N. White

Auctioneer



GAETZ AVENUE NORTH

RED DEER

If you are thinking of getting an auctioneer to conduct your sale, I am here to give terms that must be satisfactory to you

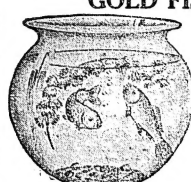
I have some BARGAINS in FURNITURE that will pay you to investigate.

N. WHITE Auctioneer

GOLD FISH DAYS

will be Friday and Saturday March 13th and 14th

With each purchase of \$1.00 worth of Rexall Goods, except Rexall Soap, Orderlies, Dyes, Perspers, Tablets, Hair Tonic and Shampoos. We will give free—A One Quart Glass Globe and 2 Pretty Gold Fish.



This list of Rexall Goods includes, Rexall Remedies, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, including, Talcum Tooth Powder & Pastes, Face Powders, etc.; Rubber Goods.

The Rexall Store

The Gaetz-Cornett Drug & Book Co.

"NORTHWAY'S" LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS

THE Spring Weather has caused a flurry in the Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Coats' and Suits' Department, so much so in fact that we needed the second shipment of the "Famous Northway" Garments which is just to hand.

It would be advisable to see these goods as soon as possible, as we carry "only ONE MODEL" of each suit or coat and they will be picked over very soon.

The New MOIRE Coats have arrived and are very pretty, also some new models in Ratine "Striped Ratine," Bedford Cords, etc., in black, navy, Tan, Kings blue, and Cape.



The cuts show some of the new styles which you notice are all loose hanging garments and are easily adapted to all figures.

The prices for Coats are \$14.00 \$15, \$17, \$20, \$22, \$55.

The prices for Suits are \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$25, \$28, \$30, \$32, \$35.00.

SKIRTS

We have also a large showing of separate skirts in the new "Peg Top" style, in plain navy, black, and brown serge; Shepherd plaids, tweed, and plain grey worsted.

The prices are \$3.50, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00.

UNDERSKIRTS

Satin Underskirts in all colors at \$2.50 and \$3.50
Duchess Underskirts in Cerise, Paddy Green, and

Black, at \$5.00 and \$6.00. Cheaper lines in Sateen and Jap Soie at \$1.00, 1.50 and 1.75.

DRESS GOODS

Among the new dress goods arrived this week are to be found the new BROCADED JAQUARD, in all shades, really beautiful goods at \$1 a yard, 44 inches wide; also the SILK BROCADED RATINE which is so popular at \$2 yard. For those who want plain goods for wearing dresses we are showing POPLINS in Navy, King's Blue, Taupe and Brown, 45 inches wide at 75c. yd.

Also BROCADED WOOL RATINES in Navy, Cardinal, Brown, and Cape, 42 inches wide at 75c. yd.

Other lines include PIQUES, BEDFORD CORDS, DIMITY MUSLINS, COTTON RATINES, CREPES, Etc.

CORSETS

We now have a complete stock of "La Grace" Corsets to go with the new Suits and Dresses, "every pair guaranteed" and every model up-to-date.

THE PRICES ARE

75c., \$1, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75, \$3, \$4
Cut No. 515 is \$2.25. Cut No. 167 is \$1.00

DRY GOODS, Friday & Saturday Specials

TABLE LINEN. Beautiful Irish Table Linen, various patterns, 72 in. wide. Regular \$1.50. Fri. and Sat. \$1.00 yard
TOWELLING. White Turkish Towelling, 18 in., reg. 20c. Fri. and Sat. 14c.

SILKS. Kanton Dots, in grey, fawn, cream and cardinal Regular 60c. Friday and Saturday 20c. yard
LADIES' SKIRTS. Some odd lines of traveller's samples to clear, out in Panama, Tweed, Serge, Etc., colors navy, Brown, cardinal, and tweed effects. Regular \$3.50 to \$5. Friday and Saturday \$2

EMBROIDERY. 10 pieces only, 18 in all-over embroidery. Regular 40c. Friday and Saturday 15c. yd
MISSIES DRESSES. Wash Dresses in blue, dark blue, tan, and brown, sizes 10, 12, 14, and 16 years. Regular 3.25 and 3.50. Friday and Saturday \$1

MEN'S WEAR

Friday and Saturday Specials

MEN'S FLANNEL SHIRTS, in navy, tan, red and green, etc., good heavy work shirts. Regular 1.25. Friday and Saturday 79c.
GLOVES. Men's Genuine Horse Hair Gauntlets, "H.B. K" make, light lining. Reg. 1.25, Fri. and Sat. 89c.
BOYS CAPS. Odd lines in tweed, etc., all colors. Regular 50c. Friday and Saturday 19c

We carry "Individuality" Brand of Special Order Clothing. This make is not excelled by anything on the market. See our samples and style patterns.

MCLEAN BROS.

The Busy Store

Red Deer

UNIQUE POW-WOW

Manitoba Indians Pass Resolution to Guard Against Fire

Probably nowhere else in Canada is there a stronger co-operative spirit in forest fire protection than has been developed by the Chief Fire Ranger of the Dominion Government among the rangers, Indians, trappers and packers of the Northern Manitoba Forest District. The work among the Indians has been especially beneficial in the past they were notoriously careless, especially in leaving camp fires. But, largely owing to the energy and initiative of the Chief Ranger the attitude of the Indians has been changed from one of indifference to one of keen interest, so much so, that official writes: "The conservation of the forests has become as red hot a topic out here as real estate in the West."

Recently, when treaty-money was being paid to the Indians at Otonabee, a special council meeting of seventy-five to eighty Indians was called, at which an animated discussion of forest fire protection took place. The Chief Ranger writes: "While the meeting was in progress, the Indian Agent and party came, but to the surprise of many the meeting held in interest till, by a standing vote, all ascertained their willingness to help in the protection of the forests from fire. The chief and councillors wished me to convey to the Director of Forestry at Ottawa this, their resolution."

Whenever possible such councils are attended by the Chief Ranger, and all Indians promising to co-operate with the Dominion rangers are presented with a metal badge of office. The most intelligent of the Indians are engaged as regular fire rangers by the Dominion Government and do very conscientious work. Although the patrol is difficult, being done wholly by canoe, and the weather is often inclement, the eighteen fire rangers in this district average about eighteen miles a day, including Sundays throughout the summer.

During the whole season, no serious damage was done by fire although many incipient forest fires were extinguished, a fact that speaks well for the efficiency of the patrol and the value of the co-operative spirit inculcated in the Indians.

An Ingenious Excuse.
Patron—What took you so long with my eggs?
Waiter—Pardon the delay, sir; but they were mislaid—Judge.

Charity covers a multitude of sins—but they are usually our own sins.

SUCH IS LIFE

By A. T. Owen

When I was thirteen years of age I was very much in love. She was a year my junior, with lovely dark eyes and a wealth of glorious, glossy black hair. To me she was very beautiful. Her name was Lily. I had known her for years that are past, I find food for reflection in my partially forgotten sweethearts' names. The Lily's outnumber the Ethels, Mabels, Roses, and Florries by nearly two to one. There was only one Beatrice, and she did not return my love. I remember how proud and happy I used to feel walking by her side on our way to the Board school which we attended. People, it seemed, singled us out for their especial gaze; other boys glared at me enviously. My imagination was rather vigorous as a child. Sometimes—and oh, what splendid times I had—my mind would say: "Then would I march important into the cosy little general shop near the school, and buy goodies for my lady love. And she, dear girl, would offer me the bag so graciously. I believe I was sufficiently moderate in my acceptances; I know I tried to be. I recollect her preference was for soft, fluffy sparkling confection called "snowdrop cream," and that one only got six, or, at the most, seven for a penny.

In the evenings, after tea, I would spend my way with all possible speed to the house in which she lived. She would come out sometimes. My imagination was rather vigorous as a child. Sometimes—and oh, what splendid times I had—my mind would say: "Then would I march important into the cosy little general shop near the school, and buy goodies for my lady love. And she, dear girl, would offer me the bag so graciously. I believe I was sufficiently moderate in my acceptances; I know I tried to be. I recollect her preference was for soft, fluffy sparkling confection called "snowdrop cream," and that one only got six, or, at the most, seven for a penny.

On Saturday mornings, after she had finished what she had gradually called her housework, she would come to the park to meet me—well-dressed and lightly clad—returning from the football match. Usually I had a tale of victory to tell, of splendid and heroic charging, of science, and elusive play. Now and again a beating heart being by my team's portfolio, I would be gloomy and monosyllabic. But on whatever occasion, her words and presence always cheered, raising my spirits to a higher level, lightening the burden of defeat.

In the evening we would go shopping. Advice, serious and very wise I would give her, and warm with inward pride when it was acted upon. The joy I experienced when a pair of quiet black boots will not be as much recommended were bought by her in preference to a costlier pair of gorgeous high-legged brown ones to which her own fancy inclined, cannot be expressed in words.

Sunday crowned all. With what loving care I polished my boots that day—the compulsory weekly clean, in my opinion a strictly ecclesiastical duty—received nothing near the same amount of attention—breaching them till they shone resplendent in the morning sunlight. How feverishly I unfolded my

like a diamond, and looked carefully over each garment to see that nothing was amiss; that there was no speck of fluff, no bits of clinging cotton, no little burrs at seams, no stains. And oh, the attention lavished upon how which finished off the speckless white collar encircling my throat. How many times I tied and untied and re-tied it was impossible to count.

Then, when all was finished, I would march forth in all my sartorial glory, arrayed, in vulgar phrase, "to kill"—and succumb in the first moment of my encounter. For she, always beautiful, was on Sundays inexpressibly so. She would wear—but there, how can I say what she wore? I was blinded, dazzled in her company, and only recollect that it was something that had come very wonderfully, as a sliding frame a beautiful picture.

In the morning Sunday school was neglected. I've walked out instead "the fields" being honored by my presence on their shady paths. We talked a good deal about flowers and grass and trees. Indeed, Sunday mornings, it seems to me now, were our most loquacious times. Not so the evenings. Afternoon Sunday school separated me from my goddess for a few hours, and ten o'clock meal had to be endured before we met again. Once more "the fields" would receive us; this time less talkative. As the dusk deepened we would speak in whispers; so as not to disturb the slumbering flowers it may be. I would hold her hand. She used to thrill deliciously when I called her "dear." The gloaming made me bold. Sometimes I must muster up courage to put my arm around her waist, and once—once—when there was nobody in sight—I kissed her.

All this was many, many years ago. I saw her again last night. It was raining, thin, and she did not see me, but attention being otherwise engaged.

She had changed. Her eyes, instead of glowing softly, burned with a bright fire. Those lips, which once full and ripe, had met mine in an ecstasy of bliss, were now bloodless and tight drawn. Her hair, that had been her greatest pride, was uncombed, tangled and matted. Her face, so "angled, untidy masses. She was no longer, she clothes merely hung on her, a shapeless, dragged heap.

I recognized her by her voice, which, although hoarse and shrill, retained something reminiscent of her childhood tones. She was saying—but here, why repeat it? What she said has been said many times before in similar circumstances. The being, who I directed hunched along before her, head bent, lands in pocket, mumbling blasphemously. He heeds her not at all, as, following at a little distance, she poured out the vials of her wrath upon him.

Spellbound, I stood for a moment, watching, while scenes from the years gone by crowded back into my brain. Then she swore.

I hastened away.

Brn, etc., Higher in States—Possible Depletion of Needed Canadian Supplies

The biggest question of all perhaps in the West, and one which is the subject of much controversy is that of millfeed or of alfalfa. It seemed unreasonable that just at this time, when there is such a necessity for renewed activity in cattle raising, we should take action which would tend to deplete our already too meagre supply of our best feeds. The raising of cat's and all its allied industries, such as dairying and stock raising, are dependent on an abundant and reasonably priced supply of mill feed. At the present time the dairy farmer in the Eastern States or in Eastern Ontario is paying about \$20 to \$21 per ton for bran and has difficulty in getting supplies owing to the fact that the price across the border in the New England States is much higher. If that district the Canadian miller can realize from \$1 to \$2.25 more per ton by selling in the United States after paying freight and all other charges. If the duty were taken off prices in Canada would necessarily be forced up to those of the United States and Canadian farmers would probably pay from \$3 to \$5 more per ton for their feeds and would have a smaller supply from which to draw.

Turning to Western Canada, we have seen mills spring up in Moose Jaw, Calgary, Medicine Hat and many other points in the West in the past few years. These have been an unmitigated blessing for the Western Grain Growers and the mixed farmer alike. The local demand for milling wheat has stiffened the price in every milling centre. It has relieved the car shortage question. It has provided a supply of mill feeds right at the door of the farmer who owns cattle, something that he did not have west of Winnipeg until two years ago. Nearly every one is agreed that before the West will be on sound lines it must raise more cattle. That a movement in this direction is already started is shown by the fact that the entire outfit at the Ogilvie mill at Medicine Hat is absorbed readily within a few miles of that city, and the demand is for still more. If we take the duty off, many of the mills in Western Canada will have to close down, or at least lessen their production, as it is obvious that if the United States miller comes in and takes some of our trade there will not be as much trade for the Canadian miller. The Minneapolis mills are particularly well situated to compete with the Canadian mills under free trade conditions in Western Canada, and every bag of flour they sell in Canada not only lessens the production of flour of the Canadian mill in the West, but, more important, reduces the amount of feeds available for Canadian cattle.

Local Improvement District 339

The following are the minutes of the Council meeting held in the Edwell school on February 28th, 1914. A meeting of the Council of Local Improvement District 339 was held in the Edwell school on the above date. All members present.

The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted on motion of Ross and McConnell.

CORRESPONDENCE.
From Latimer & Bostell, re renewal of Secretary's bond. Chairman was authorized to sign the renewal application. Briggs Canadian Finance Co., re taxes. Michener & Casselein re bond. Northern Crown Bank re loan, the chairman and secretary authorized to make settlement.

RESOLUTIONS.
(1) McKinnon and McConnell—That the secretary be authorized to take the necessary steps under the act to collect the outstanding taxes.

(2) McKinnon and McConnell—That the chairman sign the necessary form giving the secretary power to sign for the Council.

(3) Ross and McKinnon—That the secretary write the Surveys Department and ask that the road built last year by our foreman, J. W. Keast, in Section 16-38-26, be established.

(4) Warkie and Gilbert—That the Secretary write Mr. F. Archer for grant to open up the road between Secs. 3 and 4, Tps. 35 and 36, in view of the amount spent last year by this Council on the road from Pine Lake to Innisfail.

(5) McKinnon and Warkie—That the Department of Public Works be asked to build a bridge between Sections 11 and 14, 37-27-4, the material to be supplied by the district and charged to Division No. 3.

(6) Ross and McKinnon—That the chairman and secretary be delegates to the convention of Local Improvement Districts and Rural Municipalities to be held at Calgary, March 11th, 12th and 13th.

(7) Ross and McKinnon—That the amount of \$8.40 charged to A. D. McKenzie for taxes on the N.E. 6-38-27, be remitted.

Mr. Ross reported for the committee re purchase of gravel pit from Mr. Thos. Gummow. Mr. Gummow will sell all the gravel required at 15c per load. This arrangement was accepted as satisfactory by the Council.

(8) McKinnon and Gilbert—That the secretary spend two days in each of the outlying divisions for convenience of the ratepayers in paying taxes, the dates to be arranged by the Council at a later meeting.

Mr. F. J. Powell certified to the account of Jas. Speakman for \$4.00, also the accounts of Robt. Gummow and W. Sandercock for \$10.00 and \$4.00 were certified to by W. J. Reay, and the secretary was authorized to make payment.

(9) Ross and McKinnon—That the tender of the Day Hardware Co. for culverts be accepted.

On motion of Ross and McKinnon the following accounts were passed or payment:

D. W. McKinnon, affidavits, \$9.75; Western Municipal News, 4 issues for \$24.00; R. T. Gummow, labor, \$10.00; W. Sandercock, labor, \$12.00; F. E. Partington, labor, \$4.00; A. D. McKenzie, refund, \$8.40; W. J. Reay, one spool wire, \$2.00; returning officers and rent of polling booths, \$49.00.

On motion of Ross and McKinnon it was decided to hold the next meeting in Red Deer at the call of the Chairman and Secretary.

W. P. Code, Secretary-Treasurer. J. F. Day, Chairman.

Judicial Sale of Farm Property Near Pitcair, Alberta

Pursuant to judgment and final order for sale, there will be sold by Arthur Rogers, Auctioneer, at the office of the Deputy Sheriff in the City of Red Deer, on Saturday, the 14th DAY OF MARCH, A.D. 1914, at one o'clock in the afternoon, the North-East Quarter of Section 36 in Township 37, in Range 4, West of the Fifth Meridian, Alberta, subject to the reservations and conditions in the grant from the Crown or in the existing Certificate of Title.

The vendors are informed that this property consists of 100 acres of land, of which 150 acres are good arable land and 10 acres of low land. The property is fenced on four sides with a two strand wire fence. The soil is a black loam, averaging 8 inches in depth with a clay sub-soil. The property is situated within 8 miles of the station of Pitcair, within 11 miles of a school and 9 miles from a church. There has been 15 acres of land on this property broken, and the broken land is fenced with a two strand wire fence. There are the following buildings on this property: A frame barn, 16x22 with single roof.

The property will be sold subject to a Reserve Bid. Terms of payment will be 10 per cent. cash on the day of sale and the balance within 30 days thereafter without interest, or in the alternative, the purchaser is to give a mortgage for one half of the said purchase price with interest at 10 per cent. and to pay the remainder of the balance into Court within 60 days without interest (other terms and conditions are the standing conditions of the Supreme Court of Alberta as settled by the Master in Chambers).

Further particulars may be had from Messrs. Giesche, O'Connor & Co., Solicitors, Edmonton, Alberta. Dated at Edmonton this 2nd day of March, A.D. 1914.

ALEX. TAYLOR, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Edmonton, Alberta.

The News
RED DEER, ALBERTA
Published Every Wednesday Morning
at The News Block, Gazette Ave.
South.
Subscription \$1.00 per year if paid
in advance.
\$1.50 if not paid in advance.
ADVERTISING RATES ON
APPLICATION.
JNO. A. CARSWELL,
Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11th, 1914.

SHOULD BE RECALLED.

The City Council of Edmonton last week decided, by the casting vote of the Mayor, to go into the publishing business on its own account. The city will issue an official gazette each week, which will contain the verbatim speeches of the Aldermen at the Council meetings, and any other matters relating to municipal affairs of importance to the ratepayers. It will cost over \$18,000 for the balance of this year. This was all brought about because the city papers did not report proceedings to suit his worship the mayor. The province itself shrinks from publishing an official gazette, and we have no doubt Edmonton's mayor will have his eye teeth cut before he gets through with this publishing enterprise, which he takes up so cheerfully at the beginning of his career. It is our opinion that a man who could be guilty of such a gross blunder should be recalled.

The Calgary Albertan of Friday said:

"Three-quarters of the natural resources of the province have been squandered, according to the statement of the Red Deer News."

The News never made such a statement. And the Albertan knows it. It was the Albertan that made the statement, and we only quoted the Albertan's own words. We further said if our resources had been squandered by the Liberal government, backed by the Albertan itself.

We have always contended we were ruthlessly deprived of our resources by a few politicians like Hon. Frank Oliver, Hon. Senator Talbot and others, who were rewarded by Sir Wilfrid Laurier by promotion to high honors for their actions. Now when they find a Conservative government in power willing to restore to the people the resources, they demand not only the resources left but compensation for those squandered. Mr. Borden has no more right to compensate the west for the wrong done Alberta by the Liberal government than he has to compensate the people of Canada for the \$10,000,000 stolen from them by the Transcontinental government under the same Liberal government.

LOOTING OF THE TRANSCONTINENTAL.

There is a decided difference of opinion in the Liberal press over the Transcontinental Railway scandal. While the Liberal organ in the Capital, the "Free Press," calls it all a "joke," there certainly is no other Grit paper which looks upon the recent revelation so lightly. Many are seeking in a new variety of ways to explain the exposure, but a few are honest enough to admit the gravity of the whole affair. An excellent example of this is the Winnipeg Tribune, Ind. Lib., the editor of which, R. L. Richardson, is a former Liberal member of Parliament. Mr. Richardson's indignation is intense and is expressed in emphatic language, which but echoes the popular feeling from coast to coast.

In a recent issue of his paper, he declared:

"The entire report is such a record of incompetence, and dishonesty, and graft and loot that it ought to be sufficient to sink the country. Just what men like Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Fiddling, Mr. Sifton, Mr. Graham, the then Minister of Railways, must think of the situation, would be interesting to know. Some of these men are still in public life, and others have retired, but they have certainly bequeathed a legacy to their country which should stand as a monument to their disgrace for the next century or two, until their names shall have rotted in oblivion. The appalling corruption and mismanagement in connection with this undertaking practically destroys it for all time as an asset to the Dominion. So enormously has the cost been enhanced, and so frightful will be the interest charges, that it will be impossible to pay operating expenses, interest on capital, and wear and tear, afford to the settlers passenger and freight rates that are not prohibitory, and that could afford any relief to the hard-pressed taxpayer. The whole enterprise has been so



baugled that it would probably have been better if the government had taken \$100,000,000 of the country's money and thrown it into the furnace for utter destruction."

SIR GEORGE ROSS PASSES AWAY AFTER ILLNESS

Formerly Premier of Ontario

Toronto, March 7.—Sir George William Ross, senator of the Dominion of Canada, and formerly Premier of the province of Ontario, died today after an illness lasting several weeks. He was born in 1832. By profession a lawyer, Sir George was known popularly as "The Father of the new Ontario" owing to activity in the development of that province. He was recognized as one of the best public speakers in the Dominion. He was strongly in favor of reciprocity trade relations with the United States, and a resolution introduced by him in 1882 gave birth to the movement for reciprocity. He was called to the senate of Canada in 1907 and was knighted by King George in 1910. Sir George was a prolific writer on educational subjects, temperance and contemporary history.

Hon. Sir George William Ross, L.L.D. (Middlesex), was the son of the late James Ross and his wife, Ellen McKinnon, both natives of Ross-shire, Scotland, who came to Canada in 1832. Sir George was born on September 18, 1831. He was educated in public school and attended Normal school in Toronto, until 1850, he was inspector of public schools for County Lambton, 1871, and subsequently for Petrolia and Stratford. He took a prominent part in the creation of the public school system of Ontario and was the inspector of the model schools. He was also a member of the Central Committee of Examiners in 1875. He was matriculated in law at the University of Toronto in 1879, and graduated L.L.B. in 1883. He received the degree of L.L.D. from the University of Toronto in 1886; also L.L.D. of Toronto university, Victoria, Queens and McMaster. He was elected to the house of commons for West Middlesex and represented that constituency until he received the appointment of minister of education for Ontario in November, 1883. He was re-elected at each election since, and had continued to hold the office of minister of education until October 21, 1889. He was elected to the federal parliament in 1891, and became premier on October 14, 1891. He completed his cabinet on October 21, 1891, taking the office of provincial treasurer. After the defeat of the Liberal party at the general election of 1905, Mr. (then) Ross and his ministry resigned on February 1, 1906, and he was elected the lieutenant-governor to call on Mr. J. P. Whitney, K.C., leader of the opposition, to form a new government. Sir George continued to lead the Liberal party in the legislature until January, 1907, when he resigned, and was summoned to the senate on January 16, 1907. At the opening of the 1911-12 session, Sir George Ross was chosen as Liberal leader in the senate owing to the death of Sir Richard Cartwright. Sir George was created a Knight Bachelor in 1911. He was also prominently identified in the cause of temperance. He was president for some years of the Ontario Educational Association. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society of Canada in 1896. He was honorary commissioner of the London and Colonial exhibition in London in 1886. Sir George was regarded by many as the best platform speaker in Canada. He was the author of the Life of late Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, and of several educational and other works. He has delivered various lectures on the history and life of the province of Canada. He was a delegate from the Pan-Presbyterian conference at Glasgow in 1896, also was a member of the senate of Knox College; president of the Manufacturers Life Insurance company. He attended the coronation of King Edward VII. as an official guest in 1902. Sir George had been married three times. In 1862 he was married to Christina, daughter of Duncan Campbell, she dying in 1872; his second wedding took place in 1875 to Catherine, daughter of William Boston; his third wife being Miss Peel, daughter of the late John R. Peel, of London, Ontario.

Lecture on Alfalfa Growing at Clearview

A week ago last Wednesday Mr. Hutcheon, of the Lacombe Experiment Farm, gave an address in the Clearview school house on alfalfa growing. During the address and discussion the following points were brought out:

To grow alfalfa successfully a good seed bed, free from weeds, is necessary. Annihilation of the soil is a necessary broadcast. If sown in drills this may not be necessary. The Turkestan and Grimm varieties were recommended. Mr. Hutcheon is of the opinion that alfalfa can be grown successfully anywhere in Alberta, and it is by all odds the best fodder crop in the world.

Alberta Women's institute

The March meeting of the Red Deer Branch of the Alberta Women's Institute was held in the lecture room of the Methodist Church on Saturday last, there being fifty-seven ladies present.

Mrs. R. L. Gaetz was appointed Secretary-Treasurer in place of Mrs. R. B. Woodworth, who resigned.

Mrs. Muldrew, of the Alberta Ladies' College, gave a very instructive lecture on the balancing of foods in the diet. She was listened to with a great deal of interest, and accorded a hearty vote of thanks. A short synopsis of the address is given below.

The subject of giving a reception to the pupils and ex-pupils of the High School was then discussed. As it was decided to hold the reception, a committee was appointed to decide on the time, place, refreshments, etc., and the "At Home" will be held in the assembly hall of the public school on Friday evening, March 13th, at eight o'clock sharp. All high school pupils and ex-pupils are invited.

A meeting then adjourned to the basement of the church, where a demonstration was given by Mrs. Bjorkeland on bread making by the use of a bread-maker. Recipes for bread making by Mrs. Bjorkeland, Mrs. H. H. Gaetz and Mrs. L. J. Gaetz were given, also recipes for cookies by Mrs. Lees, and marshmallow loaf by Mrs. H. H. Gaetz. Some of the recipes follow below.

Tea was then served with samples of the above-named cakes of bread (buttered), and the cakes and marshmallow loaf with whipped cream.

One of the best meetings that the Institute has yet held then adjourned.

SYNOPSIS OF MRS. MULDER'S ADDRESS

The following are a few extracts from the paper given by Mrs. Muldrew on the balancing of foods in the diet:

BALANCED MEALS.

Before saying anything about the balanced meal, may I speak briefly of the use of food to the body, and of the food principles and their respective uses.

It has been found that all food may be chemically analyzed into proteins, fats, carbohydrates, mineral matter, and water. Fats are, as the name implies, the substances composed of fats of various kinds. Carbohydrates are foods which are composed of carbon hydrogen and oxygen, such as sugars and starches. Mineral matters are the various minerals that enter into the composition of bone, etc., and the most important of all the food principles are the proteins, the name being formed from the Greek word *protos*—first. This gives no hint of the composition of the proteins, but they are the albumen of eggs, the gluten of wheat, zein of Indian corn, the gluten of wheat forming 12 per cent of the grain. The legumes, peas, beans, and lentils are rich in protein, and therefore should form a valuable part of the diet.

It was found by experiment that each food principle has its own function to perform. The body must be maintained at a certain normal temperature. It must make growth and repair the wastes that constantly occur. By observation we know that in cold countries people eat more fat, and in hot countries more fruits and vegetables and less fat. Fats supply heat to the body, the carbohydrates energy, and the proteins can do both of these and also build up tissues. To supply energy or to maintain heat by proteins would be too expensive, so that we balance the diet so as to provide a fair proportion of each. There are all works written on the subject, are estimated in grammes, but to bring it to a standard of our own country, and one with which we are familiar, the average man needs four and a half ounces pure protein daily, between three and four ounces fat, and one pound carbohydrate; if from eggs, one and one-half dozen; if from potatoes, it would take a peck; from bread alone, three pounds.

Meat is about 18 percent protein, milk 3.3 per cent, eggs 13.1 percent, potatoes 1.8 percent.

To make a meal of all of one article would give too large a percentage of some other principle, as in the potatoes. To attempt to get all protein from potatoes a man must eat a peck a day, which would give him too much starch. Also if he were to get it from eggs, there would be too complete absorption and too little residue. So we find that a mixed diet is best, and here all the states to find a balanced meal of mixed food.

Children up to four years grow rapidly, from four to ten slowly, from ten to twenty-four fast, and from twenty-four to old age slowly. The facts we have some idea of how to plan a diet. To estimate roughly how much a person should consume we shall take a few estimates in terms of the amount required by a hard working man.

Man working moderately, and a boy from 15 to 18, should consume nine-tenths as much as a hard working man; man at sedentary work, an active woman, boy from 13 to 14, or a girl from 15 to 16, four-fifths as much as a hard working man; woman at light work, boy of 12, girl of 13 to 14, seven-tenths as much as a hard working man; boy of 10 to 11, girl of 10 to 12, six-tenths as much as a hard working man; child 6 to 9, one-half as much as a hard working man; child 2 to 5, two-fifths as much as a hard working man; under 2 years, three-tenths as much as a hard working man.

Keep a Record of Your Dairy Cows

Within the next few weeks several hundred cheese factories will be opening, hundreds of farmers will be preparing to milk thousands of freshly calved cows. Logically this beginning of a new season is the time to commence keeping records of production of the cows separately. Just a knowledge of the total yield of milk from the whole herd may give the owner an idea of the average yield per cow, but that does not give quite enough information. There may be a thousand pounds of milk difference in the total yield of two cows for the season, which would be unnoticeable in the small difference in the appearance of their two milk pails daily. Often the difference is far more than a thousand pounds, yet all cows are lumped together, good, poor and medium, all alike, when taking merely an average.

Since keeping records of individual production many a dairyman has increased the average of his herd by fifteen hundred and two thousand pounds of milk, or more, because he has been able to detect the poor, unprofitable cows that masquerade as real dairy cows. On application to the dairy Division, Ottawa, milk record forms and instructions are supplied free. Write today, and begin the new season right, with the object of keeping none but profitable cows.

J.F.A. Edwell Union No. 53

The monthly meeting of this Local Union was held on Thursday evening at the school house under the chairmanship of the President, T. J. Walton, and for the first time in the history of this Union some lady guests were present. They were congratulated on being the first to break the ice, and the Union showed their appreciation of their presence by awarding them the Union's button.

After the minutes had been disposed of, the official communications were read, and a resolution endorsing that of the Berrywater Union regarding the Federal Government making a free gift of \$25,000,000 to Messrs. McKenzie and Mann, thereby squandering the people's money, was passed, and the Secretary was instructed to send a copy of the resolution to the Premier at Ottawa.

A letter was received and read from the Hillsdale Union, asking whether they could co-operate with this local. This was hailed with delight, showing that the spirit of co-operation was abroad.

The following were admitted members: W. H. Taylor, of Penhold, and D. McGill, of Red Deer.

Quotations were read from local merchants on coarse salt and flour in carload lots, and laid over until

MRS. LEES' COOKIES.

These keep indefinitely without growing stale. Cream a cup of butter, add two cups of sugar, three eggs and, alternately with three cups of flour, one cup of thick sour cream, in which dissolve one teaspoonful of soda. Flavor as preferred with vanilla, cinnamon or nutmeg, or divide the batter into three parts, flavoring each differently, then add more flour making the mixture stiff enough to roll. Leave it as soft as can be handled and roll out only a small portion at a time. Sprinkle granulated sugar over the top and gently roll it in before cutting into rounds. Watch closely while baking.

MRS. H. H. GAETZ' MARSHMALLOW LOAF AND ALMOND COOKIES.

Marshmallow Loaf: 1 tablespoon of gelatine, add one-half cup boiling water; when dissolved add one-half cup of cold water; pour this over one cupful of sugar. When cool enough to jelly nicely, add this to the beaten whites of four eggs. Divide this into three parts, the first pink, flavored as preferred, the next white, flavored with vanilla, and the last flavored with one tablespoonful of melted chocolate. Sprinkle a small pan or bowl or jelly mould lightly with powdered sugar, and place the pink in first, white second, and chocolate last. Can be easily turned out and sliced shortly after being made. Serve with whipped cream. Pink portion should be flavored with rose, but I use leron, as we do not care for rose. Yellow can be used instead of pink, using two or more drops of yellow coloring; and flavored with leron this makes a nice change. This turns out always the same, and so handy if you want something new in a short time as it can be used almost immediately after making.

Almond Cookies: One-half pound of butter, 1½ cups of brown sugar, one-half cup of sour milk; add one-quarter teaspoon of soda to the milk, and a dash of nutmeg. Crush almonds, and spread on top when rolling out. Mix stiff. Will keep indefinitely.

Any person who would like to see these made, if they came to my house I will gladly show them.

a subsequent meeting, as by then the requirements of the co-operating locals would be to hand.

The meeting endorsed most emphatically the need of a surtax of at least \$10.00 on all vacant lands and that held for speculation.

The subject of an egg circle was brought up and discussed, four members giving in their names to join when started. It is expected that a good many more will join as soon as it is in full swing.

Enquiries were made for a White Wyandotte rooster and a turkey gobbler, also a Buff Orpington rooster. Anyone having these to dispose of or trade would oblige by communicating with the Secretary at Edwell, when he will let the member know.

As the hour was getting late, the discussions set down for this meeting were laid over, and the adjournment was made until Thursday, March 19th, 1914, at 7 o'clock, when all members are asked to attend, to settle re. formalin, gopher poison, wire and other important matters, and they are requested to bring the ladies, as at the close of the meeting it is hoped to have a little music, recitations, etc.

The Secretary will be glad to receive the names of any members at once in order to arrange for supplies.

F. J. Powell, Secretary.

EAT AND ENJOY—

Hamilton's Bread

"The Bread of Quality."

Cakes and Pastry at moderate prices

Prompt Delivery daily

The Red Deer Bakery

Phone 15 Gaetz Avenue N.

Phone 67 Phone 67

Red Deer Creamery

HAS PROVED ITSELF TO BE

The Creamery of Quality

NO Creamery in the Province of Alberta has a better record, to which is now added 1st and 3rd at Toronto Exhibition.

Give us your trade, and Get Satisfaction

Highest price paid for Fowl

Made-to-Measure Spring Clothing

THIS IS TO ADVISE that a Special Order Clothing Department has been added to our establishment and we are now prepared to give you a service for made-to-measure garments from a concern that makes nothing else.

We want you to ask to see the handsome samples of the Consumers' Tailoring Co.

In point of value they lead and we can guarantee you entire satisfaction in fit and workmanship.

It will be a pleasure to us to show you what it means to have a tailoring service in this city such as the Consumers' Tailoring Co. gives.

See us before placing your Spring order.

Yours truly,
T. A. GAETZ

MEN'S HATS

Stetson's, Cowboy, and Fedora, in Black and Colors.

Felt Hats in leading colors and shapes.

SHOES

"Monarch" and "Dr. Brandon" Shoes, in Box Calf, Patent, and Gun Metal, the best fitting and wearing shoe made.

LADIES' SHOES: "Relindo" and "Dorothy Dodd," in latest shapes.

T. A. GAETZ

Woman's Appeal Thrills Social Service Congress

Asks for Better Protection of Girls Coming into Canadian Homes

Ottawa, March 5.—The great Social Service Congress of Canada was thrilled this afternoon by a woman, as not even the speeches of the leaders of Canada's national life and the thoughts and eloquence of the eminent speakers who preceded her at the previous sessions succeeded in doing. It was during the consideration of commercialized vice and the white slave traffic.

The speaker, who for a quarter of an hour, made the big audience of men

had delivered such a big message.

APPEALS FOR SCARLET

With a distinctly French accent and somewhat in her emotion, forced to stop to recall her English, she commanded an impressive silence. It was not her eloquence, but the appeal of a woman whose soul went out to the scarlet sisterhood, that got the attention.

"Under the shadow of the towers of parliament in your beautiful city of Ottawa," she said, "I went out after taking up my work, and in a house found eighteen girls, the youngest sixteen. Next door I found five in a house. I tried to talk to them, to find out about them, but they told me they were not supposed to talk, and although I did find out, I was warned not to say anything, but I did say something."

"I went out to British Columbia, and in places supposed to be hotels I found girls and women. Their names were worked in glittering

brass on the steps, and there were few windows in the place. I then went into the grand mountains, which Canadians are so proud, and found red light districts.

A CHILD'S AMBITION.

"I took a child of ten years by the hand and asked her what she aimed to be when she grew up. She said she wanted to be a school teacher, but as it was so awfully hard to do so, she thought she would be like one of the women living in those houses. She told me it was so easy to become one, and have your name changed. She longed for their beautiful dresses and automobiles rides every day.

"That was the ideal of a Canadian girl of ten years. A girl of the future under the great Union Jack and this wonderful land of the Maple Leaf.

"I visited the prisons and penitentiaries and found the youths and young girls who might have been fine citizens but who despaired of

the future.

"Many point with pride to our land which is buried in the mountains, and money is given to protect natural resources, but what is given to protect the young Scotch girl who comes to our shores?

ASKS PROPER PROTECTION.

"I would suggest that no young girl be brought to Canada without proper protection. There is a law for those girls who are seduced, but there is no law to protect those domestic servants who are wronged. They have no protection against their employers, who are sometimes brutal.

"Oh I think of this land which has been called good enough to be God's Kingdom. I have stopped in the west and handled earth powder with gold. But we want to save our girls as well as riches, and save them for the homes of Canada.

I feel sorry when I go into houses that there is no redemption for the inmates, but my heart goes out to them, and I say, I want, and I will get them. In the last five years I have had the pleasure of taking 500 of these girls and women in my arms with that feeling of a woman.

"You tell me you are Christians. Have you seen Christ more man than when He said to the woman 'Go and sin no more'?"

NINE HOMES OPENED.

"The Presbyterian church has opened nine homes recently. We treat three classes in these, including the feeble-minded, but we hope soon to have separate homes for the feeble-minded. Then there is the class of girls not so far gone.

"I wish I could take you into those homes. In the Winnipeg Rescue home there is a mother of 13 children; in others mothers of 15, 16 years and up. Have you ever thought what the world means to those women abandoned by men?"

Farmers' Co-Operative Ltd.

BALANCE SHEET.	
Cash Account from January 1st, 1913, to January 31st, 1914	
RECEIPTS.	
Calls	55.00
Hogs	56,208.08
Hay	11,708.48
Grain	5,938.48
Hides	205.20
Fruit, poultry, cattle, etc.	1075.50
Coal	199.72
	75,420.51
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Overdraft at Bank Jan 1st, 1913	676.74
Paid out for produce—	
Hogs	50,354.30
Hay	11,224.07
Grain	6,410.44
Hides	117.87
Poultry, fruit, etc.	876.04
Cattle	692.75
Potatoes	17.05
Coal	326.43
Expenses	1,605.05
Postage and Stat'y.	47.30
Sundries	295.90
Material and work	1,743.92
Bank Balances	972.65
	\$75,420.51

Red Deer, Feb. 28, 1914.

I certify that the above cash statement is correct, according to the cash book produced, balancing with same after reconciling it with the various bank accounts and the cheques.

(Sd.) A. W. G. ALLEN, Auditor.

LIABILITIES.	
Elevator payments, 2, 3, 4 with interest to date	3,008.50
Amount owing for salaries	1,358.00
Amount owing to Directors	94.80
Amount owing for produce	532.68
Amount owing for supplies	60.91
Capital Account—	
445 shares at \$10, 10 per cent. paid	445.00
Stock earned in 1912	394.13
Reserve fund, 1912	112.99
Profit, 1913	7292.56
Bonus on shares, 10 per cent. on amount subscribed	445.00
Less overpaid, 9.34	632.85
Amount carried to reserve	147.70

7292.56

ASSETS

Bank Balances—	
Merchants Bank, Red Deer, old I.P.A. ac 2.23, current ac	893.89
Standard Bank, Penhold	134.71
Union Bank, Innisfail48
	1031.31
Less cheques outstanding	55.05
	975.36
Accounts receivable	754.74
Accounts receivable	11.55
Stock—	
Grain	1,174.04
Hides	15.20
Plant—	
Elevator, lease hold	4,087.50
Weigh scales and office equipment	242.72
	7,292.56

Red Deer, Feb. 28, 1914.

I certify that the above balance sheet has been compiled from the books of the Farmers' Co-operative, Ltd., and that same is correct according to the ledger produced, together with stock book and inventories.

(Sd.) A. W. G. ALLEN, Auditor.

FOR SALE.

For sale, a cheap, second hand, New Williams cabinet sewing machine, in splendid condition. Apply Box 501. Mch 4, 1914.

Rainey African Hunt Pictures

The Paul J. Rainey African Hunt pictures have created such tremendous interest everywhere that we are very fortunate in having them promised us as an early event in the Theatre, Monday next, March 16th. These pictures hold the world's record for a continuous exhibition, having run a full year at the Lyceum Theatre in New York City and only a few weeks short of a year at Holborn Empire, London.

There was scarcely a person of note in either city that did not see them. They were exhibited before the King at Buckingham Palace and the German Emperor, at Dantzig. Theodore Roosevelt rose in his seat during an exhibition and called out in praise of the "water hole" pictures, there by rousing the enthusiasm of the audience to the utmost.

Among those who visited the Holborn Empire during the run were the Princess Henry of Battenburg, the Duke of Teck, Duke of Manchester, Duke of Newcastle, Duke of Leeds, Earl Lonsdale, Lord Rothschild, Lord Charles Beresford, Lord Roberts, Lord Mount Stephen, Admiral Percy Scott, Sir Edward Grey and over one hundred other people of title whose names were observed on ticket reservations. No such interest has ever been shown before in any other motion picture, not in the enthusiasm confined to adults. Of the thousands who have seen these strange and amusing sights, none seemingly have enjoyed them more than the children. It is a continuous joy to the children to watch the wild monkeys and baboons at play, the baby rhinoceroses, the baby elephant chastised by its mother, the beautiful zebra cavorting about the plains, the baby gazelle sipping at its nursing bottle, the gaily ostriches dancing in a delicious whirl, and the innumerable other novel sights which were discerned by the camera in the heart

of the jungle. The portion of the film which has caused the most discussion, and for obtaining which Mr. Rainey has been most commended by many scientific bodies, is the one showing the wild animals at the water hole. At one and the same time, there can be seen many different animals quenching their thirst. Disputes sometimes arose, and one of the amusing incidents shown is a combat between two wild rhinoceroses for precedence, while a huge ungainly giraffe stands by watching the whole performance with every indication of intense interest.

NOTICE!

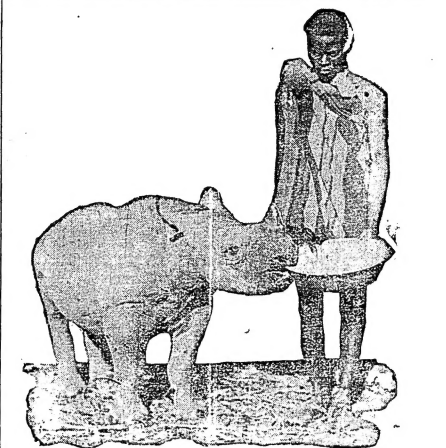
In the matter of "The Companies Winding Up Ordinance 1903 and

In the matter of the Freytag Company, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntarily wound up, are required on or before the fifth day of May, 1914, being the day for that purpose fixed by the undersigned to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, the nature and amount of the security (if any) held by them respectively, with the valuation thereof on oath, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any) to the undersigned, the liquidator of the said Company, after which date the liquidator shall be at liberty to distribute the assets of the Company or any part thereof among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the undersigned has then notice.

Notice is further given that the undersigned shall not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim I have not had notice at the time of distributing the said assets, or part thereof, as the case may be. Dated at Red Deer, Alberta, this 4th day of March, 1914.

A. W. G. ALLEN, Liquidator.



Baby Rhino and his nurse

At EMPRESS THEATRE - March 16th

"SENTENCED TO BE HUNG"

Thousands of Rolls of Wall Paper in Red Deer and District this year. We have the finest assortment and samples to choose from ever put before the Public this year and it is a pleasure for us to show them and you to see.

P. E. KENT & Co'y.

P. O. BOX 314 NORTH RED DEER

Dinner and Tea Sets

Gold Band Austrian China Dinner and Tea Sets, Etc.

Our English Gold and Black Band Pattern, Semi-Porcelain, open stock Dinner and Tea Sets. The latest on the market.

J. C. BRAZIER

Ross Street, Red Deer

The W. E. LORD Co., Ltd

Men's Ready-to-Wear Suits & Overcoats for Spring Season

We are showing the largest range of suits that we have ever shown to the men of Red Deer. All the new two or three button models with the roll lapels. Norfolk in a varied assortment of styles are awaiting your approval. Men's dark brown worsted suit with a fine stripe, two button style, 15.00

Men's brown tweed suit, three button style, 15.00

Men's blue-grey tweed suit, one of our Semi-ready range that would make an excellent business suit, 3 button style, 20.00

Men's fawn tweed Norfolk, with the yoke, one of our Semi-ready suits, the kind that sell for the same price all over Canada, 25.00

Men's navy blue and black suits, 15.00, 20.00, 25.00

Men's Odd Pants

Among the large shipment recently opened up there is a big range or men's odd trousers. There is a varied assortment of tweeds and worsteds, ranging in price from 1.95 to 7.50.

Men's dark tweed pants - 1.65
Men's heavy brown tweed pants - 2.50
Men's grey worsted pant with stripe - 2.50
Men's brown tweed pant with narrow stripe - 3.50
Men's dark grey worsted pant with diagonal stripe - 5.00
Men's light grey worsted pant with dark stripe - 7.00

Men's Shirts

We have just opened up a large shipment of Arrow shirts with soft collar and cuffs, in plain and fancy stripes, 1.25 to 2.50.

Arrow and M. & D. Collars, 2 for 25c. Arrow soft collars white, tan and blue, 15c.

The Dress Goods Section is Showing Faddy Fabrics

Silk Crepe de Chene, navy, sax, apricot, brown, black, light carrot, rose, white, sky, 40 inches wide, 1.75

Regence, silk and cotton, white, sax, tan, sky, 36 inches wide, 85c.

Paillettes, rose, grey, tan, white, pink, black, cardinal and champagne, 36 inches wide, 1.25

Cascillery, silk and cotton, navy, tan, sax, white, 38 inches wide, 1.00

Duchess Satins, black, extra quality, 40 inches wide, 2.65 38 inch, 1.95; 35 inch, 1.35

Peau de Soie, black, 32 inches wide, 1.75 and 2.50.

Bengaline, black, special, 32 inches wide, 1.75

Ratine, all wool, colors, 42 inches wide, 1.15

Serge, very special, black, navy, grey, green, scarlet, cardinal, 50 inches wide, 1.25

Tweed Suitings in browns, navys, green, grey and black, 1.25 to 1.05

Black and white check, 52 inches wide, 85c.

Black and green plaid, 40 inches wide, 1.00

Honeycomb, black and white, fancy weave, 38 inches wide, 1.75

Brocade Velvets, black and navy, 1.50

Corded Velvet, black, white, navy, brown, cardinal and green, 33 inches wide, 75c.

Plain Velvet, navy, green, cardinal, brown, sky and black, 80c and 1.00

Ratines, white, brown, blue, etc., 38 inches wide, 50 & 65c.

Crepe Cloths, checks, stripes, and plain shades, 20 & 30c.

Nulinen, white, tan, navy, sax, 38 inches wide, 20c.

Ginghams, including a big range of Anderson's designs, stripes, checks, fancies, plaids and plain shades, 15c.

English Prints in the new patterns in all colors, no dressing, 32 inches wide, 15c.

Canadian Print, in all colors, 30 inches wide, 10c.

SPRING CLEANING SPECIALS

Brooms and Brushes

BROOMS—Extra, parlor	each	80c
" " C	"	50c
" " 100	"	35c
BRUSHES—Scrubs, large	"	25c
" " small	"	20c
" " Stove	"	15c
" " Sink	"	15c
" " Shoe	"	35c
" " " "	"	25c
" " White wash	"	25c
" " Nail, oval	"	10c
" " " small	"	2 for 5c

Soaps

Royal Crown	per case	\$5.45
" " "	6 bars for	25c
Sunlight	per case	4.75
" " "	5 bars for	25c
Lifebuoy	"	25c
" " "	5 bars for	25c
Fels Naptha	"	25c
" " "	3 bars for	25c
Lux	packet	10c
Castille, small tablets	6 for	25c
" " 1 lb bar	2 for	25c
" " 2 lb bar	"	25c
" " 3 lb bar	"	35c

Lye

Gillett's 2 for 25c

Golden West each 10c

Ammonia

Powder (Gem) per packet 15c

Liquid (Household) per bottle 20c

Sweeping Compound

Dustbane, loose 3 lbs for 25c

" " large tin each 45c

Cleasers

Golden West Washing Powder	pkt	25c
" " Gold Dust	pkt	25c
" " Pearlline	pkt	10c
" " Sopado	small	10c
" " "	large	25c

Stove Polish

Brunswick Black	"	25c
Noneuch	"	25c
Royal Dome	"	15c
Rising Sun	"	10c
Black Knight	"	10c
Zebra	"	10c

Glass and Silver Polish

Bon Ami, tablets and tins,	each	15c
Moody's Silver Polish	bottle	25c
Matchless " "	"	25c

READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT

Showing an enormous quantity of New Goods opened this week, including:

SATIN UNDERSKIRTS, tan, brown, black, Tea Rose, cerise, Paddy, royal, navy	\$3.00
MERCERIZED BROCADE, Paddy, cerise, Copenhagen, violet, brown	2.25
VOILE EMBROIDERED WAISTS, high neck and long sleeves or low neck and half sleeves	1.95
PIQUE WAISTS, turned down collar and half sleeves	1.50
COLORÉD CHAMBRAY WAISTS, turned down collar of white pique, sizes 34-42	1.25
WHITE VESTING WAISTS with colored collar and cuffs of mercerized linen, 34-42	1.50
MIDDY AND BALKAN WAISTS, trimmed, white or colored	1.50 to 2.75

Hill End News

**Derelict With Great Voice Sings
Himself Out of Prison to
Sick Wife.**


By SONDAY NELLIM.
 "The way of the transgressor—" *The cleric veered, with kindness*
aforthought, and supplied a crumb
of comfort instead of censure.
 "The way of the transgressor may
 anon be bordered with roses of sweet
 peace and solitude. The moments of
 bygone days may drift back to you and
 tide your souls heavenward. In your
 hearts you are not bad. You have
 perhaps sinned and your sins have
 identified you. But that does not hold
 you from about-facing to home and
 loved ones, who still trust you. There

The little chapel organ began and the leaders pitched the tune. Before

The second verse was reached the chapel was filled with music. Then the visitors bent forward and scanned the faces of the prisoners. A voice somewhere among them rang out in rich tenor, clear and clean as a clarion call. It carried its notes as might a super-chorister. The old song echoed and re-echoed through the cell-halls, and the tenor led all the rest.

There was a voice that might have drawn encore and encore from the most fastidious and critical audience anywhere. Not it was among the prisoner exiles. But it was among the visitors.

The third verse was beginning when the rapturous tenor was located. His head was thrown back and his eyes were beaming with some secret vision.



Looked Up Through the Bars to the
Sky.

looked beyond the rafters. He was
singing the song of a feathered throat.

warbling and swelling, gliding and dwelling. He was not aware that he was being watched, that his song was heard. Then he dropped his eyes, as if drawn by the magnetic gaze of the curious, and saw—

A note waved over the room hallways.

Next day music lovers went throughout the workhouse looking for the man who sang tender at the song service. He was not found. The result was the same as when, immediately following the song, they had rushed to the superintendent to know the singer's name. He himself had not located the voice and did not know.

went among the prisoners and asked. No one seemed to know.

A singer like that unknown? A voice that a critic had admirably asserted would rival a Caruso, was in the workhouse, latent, unrequited and timid beyond measure.

Could it be that a famous songster had fallen?

The critic who had "discovered a voice" would not be satisfied. He imagined a beautiful mystery in the singer's reticence. That he was a prisoner was certain. He had been seen. And he bore the prisoner's label, although groomed for his day of rest. Every man, at his work and in the cells, had been questioned. The singer had, somewhere among them, answered, "I do not know him."

Then—happy thought—he could not be identified because he was criminal.

and soiled. He might be located at any other Sunday, when he essayed cleanliness. A stinger like that must be cleanly.

So they looked again at prisoners after prisoner and into cell after cell, but they found only one man who was reading. They were walking noiselessly and he did not see them. It was a song book he held. Then he looked up and they stopped him. He backed-up on the bunk. He arose and turned to the narrow window bars. Some one called to him. Apparently he was not to be disturbed. He turned. How they wished they had been able to use his name. But how could they know it?

"Give this way—only at the window—we want to speak to you."

He started, as if undecided. They knew he heard. Then very, very slowly he came to them.

It was the tenor.

"What more do you want?"

It was not like the voice they had heard. It was a voice that had aged.

There was an infection of distrust. The face had passed out of its beauty it possessed when he sang. It was marked by inebriety. Yet within the external viciousness was pierced by inherited touches of refinement from beneath.

"Where did you get that voice—that tenor?" one asked abruptly.

of the interesting debates of the debating Society. Mr. Snider said that the time was at hand when Canada should declare herself a dependent nation or be annexed to the United States. This was said by Mr. Sonchurst.

Mr. Snider in opening his
stated that all the United
belongs to us by right of birth
was given to our neighbors
ish ignorance and stupidity
we were an independent nation
would have the privilege of
treaties with the world's
The speaker touched upon the
1812, suffragettes, titled men
Old Country and the King.
After Mr. Snider had com
Mr. Songhurst took the pl
This gentleman opposed Mr.

in a very able manner, giving some severe stumbling blocks. The people were pretty hard to get around. He stated that if independent we would not have sufficient an army to properly defend us. That the real question of 1911 showed clearly that the people did not want to be annexed to the United States. The reason why so many

The speaker finished by saying that we would be taking too much time in declaring our independence.

A good discussion followed. The speakers wore formal dresses, some very able local people giving their opinions. Among the speakers were Messrs. Ed. Bakke, J. Densmore, Gill J. Gulletly and J. C. Richards.

The debate finished by each contestant giving a humorous reply. Both gentlemen were thanked kindly for their generous support. A vote was put to the crowd, and gave a majority for the negro. Following was the program for the evening: Music, G. Gulliver; Geo. Hill; recitation, J. G. Hill; recitation, A. Hall; song, H. Hill; recitation, E. Allen (excerpts); song, H. Hemphill (encored).

Wednesday, March 18—"You

the farm," by Arthur Evans
Mrs. Songhurst.

Red Deer Presbytery

The Red Deer Presbytery is the Presbyterian Church, Red Deer, on Wednesday. Among those who were present were Rev. P. A. McNabb, of Hills, who was elected moderator; Rev. J. G. Meek, Willowdale; Rev. J. Sarnuel, Penhold; Rev. J. Shortt, Innisfail; Rev. A. A. Sylvan Lake; Rev. W. G. Red Deer, and Rev. Wm. S. Calgary, Supt. of Home Missions. Elders John Sutphin, Olds; Rev. J. G. Meek, Willowdale, John M.

ready, winnowed; John
Red Deer; L. Stopson, Ed
students, Wm. Eakin, Hillsdov
T. Brown, Sylvan Lake; V
Greer, Blackfalds.

The Home Mission work wa
fully considered, and arrang
made for the supply of all fi
the next six months.

The Presbytery went on rec
endorsing the conclusions of
cent Temperance and Moral

convention in Calgary looking
prohibition of the liquor trade
Alberta, and pledging their
support to this end.

Messrs. McNab and Brown
appointed commissioners to the
eral Assembly at Woodstock
in June, elders to be ap-
later.

The Synod of Alberta at its
ing in Calgary in April will

The W.M.S. entertained the Presbytery, as well as the elders and managers of the church, with their wives in the evening. After the social hour

The Presbytery adjourned, then, in Olds on March 13, when F. K. Grant, M.A., L.L.B., of C. Ont., will be inducted into the torate of the church there, which has been vacant since Mr. Roxburgh's transfer to Edmonton last year.

Young People's Society
Valley Centre

The above Society's monthly

Young People's Society
Valley Centre

The above Society's monthly

al took place on Friday last
dence, and judging by the gen
tendance and smiles of all
good things of the evening
highly appreciated, and one
not help being impressed by
thought that such fraternal
ings together of neighbors and
was a thing to be more en
than is usual, and thus disp
break down that artificial bar

At the conclusion of a very enjoyable programme a presentation was made to Mrs. Puzey on behalf of the residents of the district as a token of the high esteem and appreciation of Mrs. Puzey as a services as organist, etc. The student referred to the good effect Mrs. Puzey had set, most particularly in church attendance, especially

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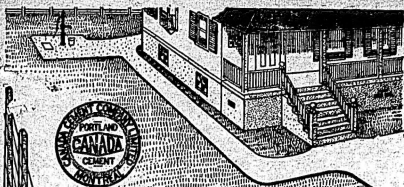
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Concrete walks need no repairs

THEY are not only best at first but are cheaper in the end than any other kind of walk. They are clean, permanent and safe. There is nothing to become loose nor are they slippery. They improve the general appearance of a house and are a source of great satisfaction to every housewife because they keep children out of the mud, prevent colds from wet feet and prevent dirt from being "tracked in" on floors and carpets. Equally important is the fact that they never wear out and never need repairs.

This free book "What the Farmer can do with Concrete" tells all about concrete walks and how to build them, and a score of other things needed on every farm. Write for it to-day.

Farmer's Information Bureau
Canada Cement Company Limited
531 Herald Building
Montreal

DEMANDING WHAT THEY GAVE AWAY

Liberals' Curious Stand Regarding Natural Resources

MR. BORDEN READY TO CARRY OUT HIS PLEDGE

The men who sold the natural resources of the West for power, now that power has been lost, are asking for a return of the stolen goods to the rightful owners.

Premier Walter Scott, of Saskatchewan, fought against provincial control of the natural resources, and for the desertion of his province was rewarded with a tremendous sum.

Hon. Frank Oliver received the portfolio of Minister of Interior as the price of his treachery.

Other Liberals from Saskatchewan and Alberta received rewards for the betrayal of the people they represented. Senator Talbot, J. H. Lacombe, J. C. Fournier all suitably rewarded for violation of principle and betrayal of their people.

CONSERVATIVES FOUGHT FOR IT

Rt. Hon. Mr. Borden and the Conservative party, in 1905, fought strenuously for the new provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan to control their natural resources.

In 1911 Mr. Borden promised to return these resources to the provinces on fair terms. How was his proposition received?

The three Western provinces demanded that not only the natural resources, but the annual money grant in lieu of these resources, should be theirs. Such a proposition could not be entertained. To everybody the proposition looked as if it were made to defeat the object for which it was supposed to be intended.

The Maritime Provinces have a proprietary right in these lands. Ontario and Quebec have already participated in the division of the territory received by purchase from the Hudson's Bay Company, and the provinces by the sea, although parties to the purchase, have not realized anything from the division. When the proposition for Western Premiers was submitted to the Liberal Premier of Nova Scotia, Hon. Geo. Murphy, he refused to consent to it, and pointed out that the cash grant now received by the prairie provinces was given as follows:

"A portion for general subsidy and another portion specifically in lieu of lands. If this be the case it would look somewhat unreasonable for these provinces to ask, in view of the great financial difficulties of some of the other provinces, for both lands and the money."

AN UNREASONABLE DEMAND.

Here is a Liberal Premier pointing out the unreasonableness of the demand. Hon. Mr. Murray further discussed this matter and reached this conclusion:

"(1) That when it was deemed expedient to retain the lands in the control of the Dominion Government this was the consideration for a monetary allowance to be made to the province in lieu of these lands.

"(2) That the whole financial arrangement for the transfer of lands appears to have been made in a fair and generous spirit so that these provinces, in my opinion, do not appear to have any ground for financial complaint as to their treatment in comparison with the other provinces of the Dominion. In fact, I think I can present an almost unanswerable case in the other direction.

"(3) That if the allowances in lieu of land was made fair and reasonable (as to whether there does not appear to have been any question), it certainly cannot be fair and reasonable for these provinces now to ask for both the lands and the money which was paid them in lieu of lands. The adoption of such a proposal by the Federal Government would mean an entire reversal of the financial arrangement between the various provinces and calculated to produce widespread discontent.

"(4) That if the interests of any of the provinces it be deemed expedient to make further grants from the Dominion treasury for provincial purposes, such action should only be taken as part of a general readjustment of financial arrangements in which all the provinces should have an opportunity to participate.

If the needs of the western provinces call for additional financial grants (and I have no doubt such is the case), either by giving lands or better financial terms (as to whether there does not appear to have been any question), it certainly cannot be fair and reasonable for these provinces now to ask for both the lands and the money which was paid them in lieu of lands. The adoption of such a proposal by the Federal Government would mean an entire reversal of the financial arrangement between the various provinces and calculated to produce widespread discontent.

"(4) That if the interests of any of the provinces it be deemed expedient to make further grants from the Dominion treasury for provincial purposes, such action should only be taken as part of a general readjustment of financial arrangements in which all the provinces should have an opportunity to participate.

It will thus be seen that no agreement to the proposition of the western provinces can be secured from the eastern provinces.

AGREEABLE ON "FAIR TERMS"

Rt. Hon. Mr. Borden pointed out his position on this question—favorable to restitution, but on the terms he laid down—"fair terms."

He could not in justice to the rest of Canada accept the proposition of the western Liberal Premiers, and until they approached the question in a broader and fairer spirit no solution of the problems was possible.

The solution lay in the hands of the western Premiers.

The position of the Western Liberals on this question was clear. They had their party had deprived the provinces of these resources, had for six years steadily refused resti-

tion, and now demanded that Mr. Borden carry out his pledge of returning the wrong they had committed. Nor would they endorse the demand of the western premiers, not doing against it. All they could do was to point to a pledge impossible to redeem at present owing to the exorbitant demands of the premiers of the prairie provinces.

NO AID FROM LAURIER.

Sir Wilfrid gave little encouragement to the prairie provinces that they would have any assistance from him in securing control of their natural resources. He was who deprived them of this heritage, and his speech on Tuesday, if it meant anything, was a defence of his action. He admitted, however, that a revision of the financial terms must accompany restitution of the natural resources.

Rt. Hon. Mr. Borden stands by his pledge, and the fulfillment of this is blocked by the men who should be anxious to have it carried out. His refusal to accept the terms is endorsed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and all other Liberal leaders.

Liberal members gave endorsement to Mr. Borden's position by refusing to endorse the western Premiers' demand.

Mr. Borden is prepared to do justice to the prairie provinces as soon as the leaders in those provinces are prepared to accept just terms.

Right of Private Property

University Press Bulletin

In view of the discussion at present going on in the press of Alberta as to the responsibility of the various cities for the care of the unemployed, the article of Daniel P. Kellogg, of the New York Sun, in the January North American Review, under the above heading, is of interest. It discusses the increasing prevalence of the view that the better part of the community should be taxed for the benefit of the less fortunate. Mr. Kellogg writes:

"However it may be vaguely and tenderly defined, there has been going on with us in recent years and is now proceeding with giant strides a rapine of private property for public benefit and an organization of political action based upon the idea that the State should furnish individuals with conveniences, comforts and luxuries which in all countries and in all past times it has been supposed that individuals should procure for themselves. It is a movement that is characterized not simply by a silly and fatuous humanitarianism and an extraordinary degree of unreason, but by the reckless over-expenditure of municipalities for the pleasure and comfort of their inhabitants, that is to say, to an eager and reckless authorization of those expenditures by the mass of people in these cities who are actuated by the notion that the burden of the expense will only in a small degree fall upon themselves personally."

This tendency on the part of the propertyless citizens to recklessly mortgage the present and the future in providing, at the expense of private property, all sorts of luxuries and accommodations for the public, Mr. Kellogg thinks, bids fair to result in a state of general poverty, and its encouragement is characterized as the policy of the statesman who said "After us the deluge."

The parlous state into which municipal credit has fallen all over the United States is due to the tremendous over-expenditure of municipalities for the pleasure and comfort of their inhabitants, that is to say, to an eager and reckless authorization of those expenditures by the mass of people in these cities who are actuated by the notion that the burden of the expense will only in a small degree fall upon themselves personally."

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"A" Sqn 35th C.A.H.

Red Deer, March 9th, 1914.
Order No. 8.

ORDERS FOR THE WEEK

- The following allowances are made with the school: For each new resident officer, \$2.00 per day; for each non-resident N.C.O., \$1.50 per day; allowance for each horse used, \$1.25 per day; forage allowance for each horse, .35 per day. The Department do not make any arrangements for supply of horses, or their stabling, feeding, etc. These arrangements are made by the O.C., "A" Sqn., and all officers and N.C.O.s attending school will report to him at the earliest moment for making arrangements in this connection.
 - Saddlery will be issued at once to officers and N.C.O.s attending Provisional school. This must not be delayed.
 - Full report of militia books borrowed has not yet been made by all officers and N.C.O.s to the O.C. This must be done at once.
- J. CARLISLE MOORE, Major.
O.C. "A" Sqn. 35th C.A.H.

ANOTHER SCANDAL

Grave Irregularities Under the Liberal Government

MINISTER OF RAILWAYS SUSPENDS OFFICIALS

On the top of the National Transcontinental exposure, revealing that forty million dollars of the country's money was squandered in rake-offs, extravagance and incompetency, comes still further revelations of the methods by which the Liberals, while in power, administered the public work of the Dominion.

An investigation has been carried on into the conduct of the management of the Treat Valley Canal. This investigation has been conducted by G. Howard Ferguson, K. C., M.L.A., and as a result of his inquiry the Minister of Railways and Canals has directed the suspension of Joseph McLaughlin, Superintendent Samuel Clegg, overseer; M. Barrett and L. McFarland, lockmaster; C. C. Huyck, inspector of water levels; George H. Giroux, chief of works; A. J. Haddon, competent tester; Frank Raddon, handy man; J. A. Haddock, inspector and timekeeper, and George A. Mothersill, auditing engineer, Ottawa.

The investigation has disclosed the gravest irregularities in connection with the canal management and administration, and the superintendent on the stand admitted that certain of the canal funds were diverted for Liberal campaign purposes in the County of Peterborough.

Accounts which, if proper, should have come in and been paid in the regular way, have been paid by padding the pay lists.

An amusing feature is that in the padding of the pay roll the names of prominent bankers, lawyers, doctors, dentists and other professional men of Peterborough appear as common laborers. This seems to have been the common practice for some time past, and is admitted by the suspended officials.

There was a steamer on the canal owned by the Government and known as the "Hessie Butler," the operations of which promise to rank in future with those of the notorious "Minnie Moe." It appears from the evidence that it was the custom to run national joy-rides up the canal for Liberals, and the liquor and entertainment bills, which were on a lavish scale, were charged to the Government. The total loss to the country, in addition to the amount directed for election purposes will run into a considerable sum. It is stated that on other great public works throughout the country similar irregularities have taken place, and an investigation into the administration of other undertakings by the Laurier Government will take place.

Friends of the Insane

A mental hospital where insane patients work out of doors, raise prize horses and cattle, supply the asylum with milk and butter, and in 1912 netted a profit of \$40,000, to the province, is described in John Langan's article, "Friends of the Insane," in the February Canada Monthly. Some account of the methods pursued in this remarkable institution follows:

"A little consideration for the welfare of patients, unreasonable though they may seem, is another notable factor in caring for the insane. Shortly before our visit, a woman patient who had refused to eat for some weeks, and had been fed after the manner of the hunger strikers, expressed a wish for some sweetbread. The attendant conveyed her desire to Dr. Dobson, the head of the institution, and he promptly set about fulfilling it. Sweetbreads were not to be found in the Vancouver or New Westminster markets. But the doctor is not the kind that gives up. He sent to Seattle and got some tinned sweetbreads. The patient ate them ravenously, and before the supply was all gone consented to eat any kind of food. Before long an improvement was noticed in her condition, and two months later she was discharged as cured."

"Another thing is of extreme value. The patients are placed in classes, or groups. Insane patients carry with them, to a large extent, the habits of their sane existence. Those who naturally eat with forks and understand the intricacies of the sugar-bowl, when released will continue to behave in civilized fashion at table. Those who come from uncleaned houses where their fingers most cruelly are made and employed before forks, will learn no better manners in insanity. The tables in the diningroom are allotted in such a way that sane patients who have some idea of the duties of life are kept together, while those who insist on eating with their fingers are segregated. The same group idea is carried over into the institution, those patients being put together who would be likely to mingle in happier circumstances. Insanity is itself affliction enough without adding to its burdens by hiring teachers, truck-drivers, business men and roustabouts (together, and treated with indifference) the same. The patients are allowed all the freedom their condition will permit, and it proves startling to find that in the treatment of how much freedom they may be allowed without abusing it."

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED
Two girls at the STEAM LAUNDRY at once.
Feb. 11, 11.

SETTING HENS WANTED.
Wanted, to purchase, a number of setting hens. Apply
A. E. BONNICK,
Box 277, Red Deer.
Feb. 18.

WHIP FOUND.
A riding whip was found by Mrs. Hugh Baird's little boy on Monday. The owner can have it by paying for this ad.
Mch 4.

BUTCHER SHOP TO RENT.
For rent—a butcher shop on Lorrain Ave., Sylvan Lake, with fixtures, including scales, refrigerator, tools, etc. Apply W. H. HADLEY, Red Deer.
Mch 4, 11.

TO RENT AT SYLVAN LAKE.
For rent, the commodious store next Sylvan Lake hotel. Splendid stand on lake front. Apply C. J. RUTHER & SONS, Sylvan Lake.
March 4, 3v.

DAIRY FARM FOR SALE.
For Sale—Quarter-section, 3 miles east of the Leduc College, with fair house and barn and two good wells. Cash price only \$4,000. Apply Box 333.
Mch 4, 2v.

FOR SALE.
On easy terms, or to rent, half-section, with house, barn, well and other improvements, located near church and school. Rent payable in cash, or partly in improvements. Apply Box 630, Red Deer.
Mch. 3rd, 3v.

FARM FOR SALE.
149 acres, located N.W. 32-37-23, W. 4, two miles from Ardley and Belburne; 35 acres under cultivation. Will sell cheap. Write CHAS. C. MITCHELL, Elliotville, N.Y., R. P.D. No. 1.
Jan. 23, 6ml.

HORSES FOR SALE.
Some fine young geldings and fillies for sale, broken and unbroken; also some half bred Hackney drivers, well broken, and afraid of autos, plenty of go in them, and will be sold reasonable. Apply to J. J. RICHARDS & SONS.
Red Deer, Jan. 29, 1913.

NOTICE
I have five acres in the famous Fraser Valley, which I will sell or trade for a grass quarter or a house and lot in town. A great snap. What have you to offer? Reach right at C.E. railway station. Choice land, close to Vancouver. Write owner, MRS. E. CLARKE, Bradner, B.C.
Jan 7.

City of Red Deer

NOTICE!
Petitions for sidewalks, sewer and water extensions must be sent to the City office by Monday, March 23rd, 1914, to receive consideration in this year's estimates. Forms of petition may be obtained at the City office.
A. T. STEPHENSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Mch. 4, 2v.

JUDICIAL SALE

Pursuant to the final order for sale, there will be offered for sale by G. N. Welsh, Auctioneer, at the offices of the Deputy Sheriff at Red Deer, Alberta, at 2 p.m., on the 14th day of March, 1914, the following lands:

Parcel No. 1.—The East half of Section 9, in Township 39, Range 28, West of the 4th Meridian. The property is about ten (10) miles from Red Deer and about two (2) miles from the Canadian Northern Western Railway line. It is fairly level; about 110 acres of arable land; 40 acres under cultivation; about 50 acres of hay land; about 100 acres of poplar trees. There is on the property a two-storey frame house, 18 x 32, in good condition, and three frame outbuildings in fair condition. The property is watered by a good well and small creek and is enclosed with wire fencing.

Parcel No. 2.—The South East Quarter of Section 32, in Township 39, Range 28, West of the 4th Meridian. The property is about twelve (12) miles from Blackfalds, Alberta, and about two (2) miles from a school house. The property is rolling land; has considerable brush on it and all fences are good.

Each parcel of land will be offered for sale subject to a reserve bid fixed by a Judge.

Terms of sale: Ten per cent. of the balance in cash at the time of sale; the balance to be paid within 60 days without interest. The sale is subject to the standing conditions of the court. Further particulars may be had from Messrs. Greene & Payne, of Red Deer, Alberta, Solicitors.

Dated at Red Deer, Alberta, this 17th day of February, A.D. 1914.
F. S. SIMPSON,
Deputy Clerk of the Court.
Approved W.A.D.L. Feb. 25, 4w.

OGILVIE'S ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR



NEVER VARIES IN ITS SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE
Makes a large, light loaf with a crisp crust, wholesome body, and fine flavor.
THE OGILVIE FLOUR MILLS CO., LTD.
Burlington, Ontario, Canada.
The W. E. Lord Co.

The Mechanical Garage Company

2nd STREET, S. E.

Service Guaranteed. Auto Supplies in Stock. Tire Vulcanizing. We do repairs on all makes of Autos and Farm Gasoline Engines.

GASOLINE FOR SALE

Agents for Kissel Kar, Chandler "Six", and Hupmobile Cars

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

Capital authorized	\$10,000,000
Capital paid up	6,025,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits	\$1,000,000
Total Assets over	77,000,000

This Bank with branches throughout the Dominion of Canada, and agents and correspondents throughout the world, offers excellent facilities for the transaction of every description of banking business.

Title Deeds, Mortgages, etc., held for safe keeping for customers without charge.

Savings Bank Department—Deposits of \$1 and upwards received and interest allowed from date of deposit.

Red Deer Branch E. J. CASE, Manager

RED DEER IRON WORKS.

Morrison Street. - Telephone 169.

half turning, Wheelbarrow and Pipes screw cut to any size and number of threads by machinery.

Repairs to all kinds of machinery promptly executed. The works are fitted throughout by most modern new machinery driven by Electric Motor.

J. W. BROUGHTON,
Engineer, Millwright, Machinist

Sporting Goods

AT

COST PRICE

We have a few 22. Rifles, Shotguns, etc., left over from our season's selling, which we are offering for a few days at COST PRICE!

All our stock is Reduced 25 per cent., consisting of Bicycles, Skates, Repairs, Shells, etc., etc.

Skates Skarpened This Week for 20c. per pair

W. R. DAVIS
Gaetz Ave., S. - Red Deer

HEIFER FOR SALE.
One good heifer for sale, due to
freshen in April. Apply ROBERT J.
JOICE, S.E. Quarter, Tp. 33, Rge.
38, W. 4th, or Pitcoy post office.
Mch 11, 3w.

Village of North Red Deer

TENDERS WANTED.
Tenders for the scavenging of the
village of North Red Deer are de-
sired, same to be in the hands of the
Secretary-Treasurer by 12 o'clock
noon, of Saturday, March 14th.
Specifications may be obtained upon
application from the Secy-Treas.
at his office in the News Block. The
lowest tender not necessarily accept-
ed.

J. E. WELTON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Mch. 11, 1w.



For Sale or Trade

Percheron stallion "HAYRE" 6 years
old, No. 43101, weight about 1700,
black, sure footed, gentle.
SIRE—Calypso 22077, [45777]
DAM—Junietta 10257

Apply
S. A. SPRINGGAY
Michener Hill - Red Deer

Will sell or trade for cattle or horses
Feb. 18 14

C. J. Smith THE TAILOR

has on view all the latest
Spring styles and samples
in Ladies' and Gents'
Tailoring.

**Ladies' Suits to measure,
from \$18.00 up**
Gents, from \$20.00 up.

We guarantee Fit, Style
and Satisfaction to all our
customers.

**Cleaning
Pressing
Repairing**

C. J. SMITH
The People's Tailor
ROSS AVE.

We Mar- vel at the tre- mendous business

done to-day by mail order
houses. But there are some
things that cannot be done by
mail.

Eyes cannot be examined by
mail.
Glasses cannot be fitted by
mail.

Personal service such as we
give is necessary.

We make a specialty of fitting
the latest styles, and those
most becoming to your indi-
vidual appearance.

H. H. HUMBER
Graduate Optician
GAETZ AVE. - RED DEER

LOOK! LOOK!

**Easter Monday
April 13th**
Anniversary of Opening
of the Parish Hall

The Women's Auxiliary of St.
Luke's Church are holding a

**High Tea
and
Hard Times Sale
of Work**

and Home made Candy. A
magnificent CONCERT in the
evening—all at Hard Times
Prices.
Further particulars later

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Mrs. C. W. Parke will not receive
again until October.

Mrs. Geo. H. Best will not receive
Thursday, March 12th.

Mrs. W. P. Landon will not receive
today, Wednesday, March 11th.

Dr. H. George returned last night
from a few days' visit to Calgary.

Miss Olson, of Toronto, has taken
up the position of milliner at W. E.
Lor's.

H. C. Smith, of Federal, Alta.,
spent a few days visiting in the city
last week.

W. J. Bottorff returned Thursday
last from his trip through the east
country.

F. E. Losse returned from Wash-
ington last week, and will make his
home here in the future.

J. A. Jarvis has opened up an
agency for the John Deere Imple-
ment Co. on Gaetz Ave. South.

Mrs. John Greening, of Horn Hill,
is recovering from a very severe fall
she had down the cellarway a few
weeks ago.

Mrs. Rutter's sister, Miss O'Leary,
from Winnipeg, also Mrs. Collman,
from Petrolia, Ont., are visiting her
this week.

St. Andrew's social for members
only, and their wives and lady
fellows, March 12th, in the Odd-
fellows Hall.

There will be sold, under the stray
animals' ordinance at Burnt Lake
P.O., on Monday next, at 2 p.m.,
one grey mare, about three or four
years of age.

St. Andrew's Society are holding a
social in the Oddfellows Hall on
Thursday evening, March 12th. Mem-
bers only, and their wives and lady
fellows invited.

Official League baseballs, men's and
boys' bats at John McVicar's book
store. A nice stock of Easter cards
and booklets. Issued of marriage
licenses.

Dr. McKenzie will continue his
lectures on "First Aid to the Injured"
on Monday night at 9 o'clock in the
Presbyterian Church Hall. All
interested are invited to attend.

A sale of home-made cooking and
ten cent tea will be held at the
home of Mrs. Joseph Wallace, 2nd
St. South, on Saturday, the 14th,
from three to six o'clock, under the
auspices of the W.M. Society at
Knox Church.

Grandma Donomey, of Horn Hill,
returned from her lengthy visit to
Mr. and Mrs. Will Diamond at the
east last week. Hollis Donomey
and his bride also returned with her,
together with Leonard Donomey,
who will visit his parents, Mr. and
Mrs. Geo. Donomey, for a few weeks.

All the pupils and ex-pupils of
our high school are hereby invited to
attend an "at home" given by our
Women's Institute, in the assembly
hall of the public school on Friday
evening, March 13th. Those who are
not there at eight o'clock sharp will
miss the opening numbers of the pro-
gramme. A play is to be given, also
songs and duets, and games and re-
freshments will follow.

E. G. Johns returned from his
trip to the Old Country on Thurs-
day last. He reports having had a
very pleasant voyage home, but that
it was very rough on the return trip.
He had a very enjoyable holiday
with his parents and friends, and
says that the old land was never
more prosperous than at the present
time, but that there is considerable
political unrest.

On Wednesday and Thursday,
March 18th and 19th, a two days'
convention will be held in the Nazare-
ne Church, foot of Ross St., under
the auspices of the Alberta Holiness
Association. The preacher of the
occasion will be Rev. M. T. Clink,
a talented and powerful lady
evangelist and pastor of Calgary.
There will be two services each day,
afternoon at 3, and evening at 8.
Workers and friends of the holiness
work are expected from Edmonton,
Calgary, Didsbury, Wetaskiwin and
other points.

A good eight-roomed house to rent.
Immediate possession. Apply to The
Best Furniture Co.

GIRLS WANTED.
Two good girls wanted at the
Alexandra Hotel. Apply at m.m.
Red Deer, Mch. 11.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE.
A good team of horses, about 1400
lbs. each. Apply to F. E. LOSSE,
Red Deer, Mch. 11, 3w.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT.
To rent, in North Red Deer, fur-
nished or unfurnished, from May 1st,
a six-roomed house, with good barn.
Apply MRS. J. PEETES, North Red
Deer.
Mch. 11, 1w.

FARM TO RENT.
Mr. J. G. Harris desires to rent
his quarter-section of land, located
about two miles east of Red Deer.
Rent desired, \$125 a year. Apply to
News Office for further particulars.
Mch. 11, 1w.

DRILLING CONTRACTS TAKEN
Anyone wanting a well drilled had
better consult C. W. Parke, Red
Deer, who has a first class outfit,
with experienced man in charge.
Mch. 11, 2w.

If you get it at Best's, it's good.

St. Patrick cards on sale at
Gaetz-Cornett Co.

Mrs. H. M. Drake is spending a
few weeks' holiday with friends in
the city.

See the I-P line of loose-leaf
notebooks and price books at Gaetz-
Cornett Co.

Gaetz-Cornett Co. have a fine
display of Easter cards and novel-
ties.

Best can furnish your home com-
plete with everything except the
lady.

The Day Hardware Co. have fixed
up their window background for
show purposes in a very neat and
attractive manner.

Messrs. Boyce and Allen, who have
the library position in hand, report
that desired results will be ob-
tained.

C. A. Arnold, general relieving
agent of the C.P.R., is taking the
place of W. C. Donlevy, who is away
at Calgary for a few days on busi-
ness.

A. Agren, of Burnt Lake, left yester-
day noon for a trip to Germany
and Sweden. He will spend a short
time en route with friends in Sas-
katchewan.

Geo. Small has arrived in the
city as District Manager for the
North American Life Insurance Co.
His office for the present will be at
Smith Bros., Ross Ave.

The Women's Auxiliary of St.
Luke's Church are holding a high tea
and hard times sale of work and
home-made candy in the Parish Hall
on Easter Monday, April 13th.

Charles Rovers writes from France
that he intends moving to Red Deer
in the spring, and will join his
brother here in the shoe business.
He will bring his wife and family
with him.

H. H. Gaetz gave an address to
the members of the Canadian Club
at Camrose on Monday last, and was
entertained by them in a very ap-
preciative manner. He returned to
Red Deer yesterday.

Webb's music store is stocked with
the best selection of musical instru-
ments in town. He has the best re-
pair department in Central Alberta.
Columbia machines and records al-
ways in stock.

Two boys made their escape from
the Industrial Home at Lacombe on
Saturday last, but were caught at
Red Deer by the police early on
Sunday morning, and were handed
over to the Inspector on Monday.

E. Bottorff returned to Fleming,
Sask., yesterday after having spent
the winter with his son and daugh-
ters, Mrs. John Day, Willowdale, W.
J. Bottorff, Red Deer, and Mrs.
Taylor of Ladue.

Have you seen the large consignment
of pictures at the Standard
Drug Co. All kinds of subjects, suit-
able for framing, also decorating,
etc. From 50c each up, none higher
than 50c. Come early and make
your selection.

H. Arthur Barton has written
from Rouen, France, that he expects
to preach at Horn Hill and Penhold
on Sunday, March 22nd. Mr. Barton
has spent most of his time in Lon-
don, and attended Lord Strathcona's
funeral.

Among those who visited Edmon-
ton last week to hear Madam Clara
Butt, the famous contralto, and
Kennedy Rumford, the noted barito-
ne, were Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Lor,
Mr. and Mrs. Quigg, Miss
Bowker, and Mr. E. Welton.

News was received at Burnt Lake
on Wednesday last by Mr. Jonas
Smith, that his son, August Richard,
had died on February 12th at
Hudiksvall, Sweden. The deceased
left Burnt Lake in November last
to spend the Christmas holidays
with relatives and friends in his
native home, and was expected back
this spring. His parents will have
the sympathy of all who know them
in their sad loss.

College Notes
Mrs. Muldrew addressed the
Women's Institute on Saturday,
March 7th, speaking on the subject
of "Balanced Rations."

Miss Bowker spent the week end
at the home of Alderman May, Ed-
monton, and attended the Clara
Butt concert.

The newly organized student Y.W.
C.A. held their first meeting on Sun-
day evening, with the President, Miss
Jean Gillespie, in the chair. Miss
Margaret Wyle read an article on
the work taken up by students of
other Colleges and Miss Hannah Bell
gave a reading on the subject of
"Courage."

A. C. Geo, of the firm of Seymour
& Dave, has returned from his trip
to the Old Country. Mr. Geo did not
have the best of his health on the trip,
but he is feeling alright again now.
Mrs. H. Raikes, of Pine Lake, re-
turned from the coast on Monday,
and left for her home yesterday.

The Best Furniture Co. do picture
framing, and do it well.

BIRTHS
At Red Deer, Sunday, March 8th,
to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. H. Edis, a
daughter.

At Red Deer, Friday, March 6th,
to Mr. and Mrs. R. Hewitt, a
daughter.

At Red Deer, Tuesday, March 10th,
to Mr. and Mrs. R. Corry, a
daughter.

At Delburne, Wednesday, March
4th, to Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Man-
ning, twin daughters.

At Red Deer, West, Friday, Febru-
ary 27th, to Mr. and Mrs. A. H.
Hamilton Jackson, a son.

At Red Deer, Thursday, March 5th,
to Mr. and Mrs. James Cruickshank,
a daughter.

DEATHS
Died Sunday, March 8th, the infant
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James
Cruickshank. The funeral took place
on Monday.

**Memorial Hospital
Annual Meeting**

(Continued from page 1)
ours. We have added more comfort
for the nursing staff, too. A much
needed dining room forms part of
the new addition. The heating sys-
tem was replaced from hot air to
steam, and this has added to the
comfort of the building, not to men-
tion that, taking into consideration
the increased size of the hospital,
our coal bills are much less than
they used to be.

We, of course, have other ambitions
in the matter of a nurses' home.
Funds for carrying out this building
were in sight and arranged for, but
the depression in the money market
has put a crimp in our plans. We
are sold some of our land to the
Cement Builders, Limited, but this
company were unable to fulfil their
agreement, so our plans have been
abandoned for the time being. How-
ever, although the city now has the
hospital property, we think that
on the return of normal conditions
this much needed nurses' home should
be built here. We constantly have
look to the city to carry out this
work at as early a date as is com-
patible with money conditions.

As I have already stated, the city
now owns the hospital property. They
also own the furniture and any capital
expenditure in the future will
be taken care of by the city.

This does not, of course, mean that
our hospital is now a municipal
affair. It is not the desire of the
city Council to conduct the affairs
of the hospital. They are, I might
say, almost anxious that we should
continue as we have been, a corpora-
tion, managed by a board of direc-
tors, and in number, three of which
are appointed annually by the city,
the balance to be appointed by the
members of the hospital. The direc-
tors appointed by the city serve for
three years and three retire each
year at present. This is the first
year that the city have appointed
three directors, the number they are
entitled to under the new agree-
ment, so that we shall have to have
a little re-arrangement of the term
of years each director serves or have
only two retire each year.

The cessation of railroad work in
our immediate vicinity, and the lack
of activity in other lines of business,
together with the closing down of
manufactories, has reduced the num-
ber of hospital days for 1913. And
this, coupled with the increased size
of the hospital, has increased our
expenses, particularly in the matter
of insurance, light and heat. The
cost of provisions, too, has an up-
ward tendency, so that you will not
wonder at the cost of a patient per
day being \$2.01 for last year, as
compared with \$1.58 in 1912. In
spite of all these increases, the
cost per patient per day does not
come up to that of 1907, the year
of our last depression, when the cost
was \$2.35.

However, to meet this increase in
cost we had to raise some of our
rates. For the semi-private wards
upstairs we charge \$2.00 a day. The
private wards are \$3.00 instead of
\$2.00, as heretofore. The public
wards are the same as they used to be,
namely, \$1.50 per day or \$0.00 a
week. These changes were made
last July.

We, of course, only get 25 cents
a day per patient from the govern-
ment. The latter have enacted laws
which are presumed to help hospi-
tals collect fees for the indigent
city who come from other cities and
towns. But these laws ended when
the war broke out and we were not
practical application is concerned.
Their legal interpretation precludes
the hospitals being able to force
the suit cities and towns to pay
for their indigent sick unless they
were expressly sent to hospitals un-
der authority from them, and so far
in our experience we have not had
a single case of a patient having an
order from such authority, and it is
quite unlikely that a town Council
will give any such order if they can
avoid it, which it is easily possible
to do under existing circumstances.
This is a subject to be taken up by
all the hospitals together. One
institution cannot by itself make
any impression.

We have again to thank the ladies
for their splendid and valuable work.
The Ladies' Aid, the Alexandra Club

and the Balmoral Ladies' Aid have
all given their usual enthusiastic
support. The young ladies of the
Alexandra Club had such an abun-
dant of hard cash last year that
they gave the Board \$150.00 towards
the general funds, and this sum is
included in the donations shown in
our revenue account. Mrs. Reed,
of Victoria, B.C., still remembers us
to the tune of \$60.00 a year, and
donations in kind are received from
many friends. Mr. and Mrs. H. G.
Stone have also made a very hand-
some donation in furnishing a ward,
for which the Board feel sincerely
grateful.

Personally, I should like to say
that it is with a great deal of
pleasure that I look back on my con-
nection with this hospital. I have
now been honored with the presi-
dency for the last five years and dur-
ing that time I am glad to say
they have been steady progress in
our work.

There are, of course, many things
we can improve, and articles to get
which would increase our efficiency
and make conditions better. I be-
lieve the ladies have in view the
purchase of a new sterilizer. This
is a very important matter, and we
greatly appreciate. Another thing
we should look after this year is
the matter of fixing up the grounds.
They are not very creditable in their
present shape, particularly as we
pride ourselves on being the Garden
City of Alberta. Perhaps the Horti-
cultural Society will be able and
willing to help us in this matter.

Another very important thing is our
water supply. At the present time
the arrangements for supplying us
are not entirely satisfactory, al-
though we have always found the
Western General Electric Company
most willing to help us.

REDEER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
Revenue Account for the year ending
December 31st, 1913.

By donations \$ 320.00
By Government grants 1,490.50
By patients 8,795.00
By City grant 1,800.00

\$12,315.50

EXPENDITURE
To advertising 5.25
Audit, 1913 10.00
Books 1.25
Ditto repairs 214.45
Fuel 712.63
Hardware, tools, etc. 578.35
Insurance 46.10
Interest, discount and ex-
change 185.65
Laundry 288.61
Legal expenses 790.02
Light and wages 112.00
Oil 440.00
Postages 24.55
Printing and Stationery 13.83
Provisions 38.20
Sundries 3,428.75
Telephone tolls and rent 5,913.75
Water rates 11.45
Telephone tolls and rent 40.00
Telephone tolls and rent 36.98

\$12,395.97
Balance, being surplus 23.48

Carried to Gen. Rev. Ac. \$12,319.45
Audited and found correct.
E. WILTON, Auditor.
Red Deer, Feb. 4th, 1914.

THE RED DEER
GENERAL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
General Revenue Account, December
31st, 1913.

By balance as at December
31st, 1912 \$ 158.26
By balance as at January 1st,
for 1913 23.48

Total carried to balance
sheet \$ 181.74

LIABILITIES.
Accounts payable, per sched-
ule \$ 2,296.03
Bills payable, per schedule 1,874.94
Merchants Bank of Canada
notes 2,450.00
Accrued interest on bills
payable 56.05
Capital Surplus 2,992.90

\$ 9,669.92

ASSETS.
Cash and bank balances \$ 273.63
Inventories 510.00
Drugs, etc. 510.00
Government grant 628.50
City of Red Deer 2,000.00
Patients 2,000.00
Sundry debtors 10.34
Unearned fire insurance 247.35

\$ 9,669.92

I hereby certify that I have exam-
ined and audited the accounts of
the Red Deer Memorial Hospital,
checking every entry, together with
the vouchers, and I have found
everything correct and in splendid
shape.

EDWARD WILTON, Auditor.
Red Deer, Feb. 4th, 1914.

**REPORT OF BALMORAL LADIES'
AID FOR THE YEAR 1913.**

The members of this Aid numbered
sixteen last year. Besides furnishing
a ward at the hospital, they have
supplied the hospital with many
useful and necessary things, such as
sheets and articles of that nature
which help a lot in the maintenance
of the hospital. To be able to do
this the principal event was a bazaar
and supper held at the home of Mr.
and Mrs. Eversole.

Their financial statement follows:
Cash in hand December 31st,
1912 \$150.03
Receipts during 1913 91.35

241.38
Expenditure in 1913 117.90

Balance cash in hand and at
bank \$123.48

The officers for 1914 are as fol-
lows:
Hon. President, Mrs. W. Jenkins;

President, Mrs. J. W. Elder; First
Vice-President, Mrs. E. Eversole;
Second Vice-President, Mrs. C.
Tiger; Third Vice-President, Mrs.
J. H. Bennett; Secretary, Mrs.
J. J. Gaetz; Treasurer, Miss M.
Lund; Auditor, Miss C. Lund.

Correspondence

Red Deer, March 10th, 1914.
To the Editor of The News.

"Dear Sir,—I would like to make a
few remarks and suggestions in re-
gard to the Rev. Mr. Moore's ad-
dress on the Orange Order, and the
letters sent to you by Father Voisin.

Mr. Voisin did not directly deny
any statement made by Mr. Moore.
He said in his letter of 15th Febru-
ary, "I beg to remark that Rev. Mr.
Moore, like all good Orange orators,
seems more in making anti-Catholic
statements than in proving them, as
easy manner, of course, if not very
honest, to deal with his antagonis-
ts." Does Mr. Voisin expect the
people to not believe Mr. Moore's
statements, when he gave proof that
they were true, and take Mr. Voisin's
word that they were untrue without
any proof whatever? I think not.

We are pleased to note that
our subscribers are in accord with
our demand for our more adequate
representation on the bench of Nova
Scotia.—Catholic Record.

Mr. Moore said in his address that
the idea of the Roman church was
to make this country French and
Roman Catholic.

Mr. Voisin gives us another proof
of this in his letter to The News of
28th February, when he acknowledges
that neither Father Cadoux or him-
self can master the English lan-
guage. Why should it be thus in an
English country, and in the English
city of Medicine Hat and Red Deer,
that the church has only French
priests?

Mr. Moore proved that the Roman
church used their power to force
business men to do as they thought
fit by the boycott, or the only way
through their pockets. As another
proof of this The Catholic Register,
Toronto, writes: "The Canadian line
is now on the defensive. All those
lines yield with difficulty to the
Catholic claim."

Mr. Moore said that the Catholic
church would muzzle the press, in
short, neither give us free thought,
free speech, or free press. I give
some quotations to prove this to be
true from the Catholic press.

"The Presbyterian has joined the
Guardian in making a hero of Lan-
glois (Editor of La Pays), a rebel
against the authority of his Bishop
and church at Montreal. This is what
would be expected, but it is proof
positive with all honest-minded people
that Mr. Brochu has not yet the
discipline one moment too soon."

—The Catholic Register.

"They would not take the Sentinel
for nothing at the Berlin library.
They are right; it is obscene litera-
ture often, unsafe always."—Catholic
Register.

An article appeared in the Red
Deer News on January 8th, 1909,
which did not suit Father Voisin,
and he wrote to the editor: "I con-
sider it a social duty to have friendly
relations with every body who is
alive, but in case new friends
would appear, on the same lines as
the one I referred to, you must un-
derstand that neither I nor any of
my people could longer patronize

your paper."—H. Voisin.

In regard to Medicine Hat, Mr.
Moore is willing to meet Father
Cadoux, or any acknowledged auth-
ority of the church of Rome, and
Father Cadoux should accept the
challenge and ask leave to have a
man speak for him if he cannot
master the English language.